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Pakistan's Plea For UNO Intervention In Kashmir

Liaquat Suggests Cease Fire Mission

MOVE TO AVOID FRICTION BETWEEN DOMINIONS

Plebiscite Under United Nations' Direction

LAHORE, Nov. 16, (A.P.I.):

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister, Pakistan, today explained the position of his Government vis-a-vis the State's deadlock between India and Pakistan.

"LET US AVOID FRICTION"

The Prime Minister declared. "My firm and undeviating objective as also the objective of the Pakistan Government is to eliminate by peaceful and honourable means all existing causes of friction between the two Dominions and to establish conditions which would enable ourselves and our Indian neighbours to live in friendliness and amity".

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan proposed that "the whole dispute be brought before the bar of international opinion—and the U.N.O. be asked immediately to appoint its representatives in Jammu and Kashmir State in order to put a stop to the fight and to the repression of Muslims in the State, to arrange the programme of withdrawal of outside forces, to get up an impartial administration of the State till a plebiscite is held and to undertake the plebiscite under its direction and control for the purpose of ascertaining the free and unfettered will of the people of the State on the question of accession."

PAKISTAN OBJECTIVE

The following is the text of the Prime Minister's statement: I have seen the press report of the speech made by the Deputy Prime Minister of India at a public meeting at Rajkot on November 12 and his subsequent speech at Junagadh in the course of which he made various unfounded allegations against Pakistan, tried to justify the acts of aggression committed by the India Government in Manavadar, Junagadh and Kashmir and threatened Hyderabad with similar aggression. I do not propose to emulate Mr. Patel by indulging in vituperative invective or boastful threats. My firm and undeviating objective, as also the objective of the Pakistan Government, is to eliminate by peaceful and honourable means all existing causes of friction between the two Dominions and to establish conditions which would enable ourselves and our Indian neighbours to live in friendliness and amity.

I believe that a true understanding between the two countries can be based only on a clear and dispassionate appreciation of the facts of the present situation. It is with a view to promoting such an understanding that I propose to restate the position of the Pakistan Government in respect of the States over which the present disputes have arisen.

CHARGES AGAINST INDIA

Hundreds of States (including a State such as Kapurthala which had a Muslim majority in the population) acceded to the Indian Union but in no case did the Pakistan Government

(Continued On Page 5)

Cheap Substitute For Cement

LUCKNOW, Nov. 16 (API).—Researches made by the Harcourt Butler Technical Institute, Kanpur, have resulted in the discovery of a cheap mixture as a substitute for cement which would combine economy with efficiency in the construction of buildings. Mr. K. D. Malaviya, Minister for Development, U.P., has, it is learnt, decided to try this mixture in the Government building programme of temporary dwellings to provide more living accommodation in the cities like Lucknow, Allahabad, Kanpur and Benares.

Why Anglo-Soviet Trade Talks Failed

MOSCOW, Nov. 16. (Reuter): The Soviet Communist newspaper "Pravda' said to-day that one of the reasons for the breakdown of Anglo-Soviet trade negotiations last July was the unwillingness of Britain to give firm dates for delivery of machinery offered in return for Russian cereals and timber.

"No Reason To Revise My Decision"

LAHORE, Nov. 15. (A.P.I.): Commenting on Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot's letter asking him to revise his decision of resigning from the West Punjab Cabinet. Mian Iftikharuddin in an interview said: "I have no reason to revise my decision. I regret the Premier has dealt with my resignation in a controversial manner—a thing that I tried to avoid in my two letters to him"

A.I.C.C.'s Call To Princes To Democratise Administration

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (A.P.I.): The A.I.C.C. met for nearly seven hours today and adopted resolutions on refugees, Indian States, "private armies" and "communal organisations" before adjourning till 3 p.m. tomorrow.

The resolution on Indian States which was moved by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya urged the Princes to democratise their administrations and stated that the Congress could not uphold the Princes "unless they are demonstrably in favour of regarding the voice of the people as the supreme law."

The Committee adopted a resolution moved from the chair, which read: "The A.I.C.C. has noted with regret that communal organisations like the Hindu Mahasabha, the Muslim League, and the Akali Party have sought to promote their respective interests based on so-called religious considerations in conflict with national interest. The national interest must mean, and include, a healthy synthesis of all interests based not on religious but political, social, material and moral grounds. Political activities must accordingly be conducted by political and economic policies which are open to members of all communities."

REFUGEE PROBLEM

The A.I.C.C. resumed discussion on the resolution of refugees and 15 amendments were considered. Two of them were accepted.

The first amendment prescribed that the occupation of houses by refugees shall be forbidden "except by proper legal authority" and that no house, not vacated willingly by a Muslim, shall be used for the accommodation of refugees.

"The second amendment, which was moved by Mr. Jaiprakash Narain and which was agreed to by the Working Committee, read: "During these disorders large numbers of women have been abducted on either side and there have been forcible conversions on a large scale. No civilised people can recognise such conversions, and there is nothing more heinous than abduction of women. Every effort, therefore, must be made to restore women to their original homes with the co-operation of the Governments concerned. The A.I.C.C. has noted with satisfaction the declarations made on behalf of the Governments of the two Dominions and of East and West Punjab that forcible conversions will not be recognised and that they would co-operate in the recovery of abducted women."

POLICY ON STATES.

The resolution moved by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya on Indian States read: "In view of the fact that in a number of States people's organisations, instead of rising in power and influence as a result of freedom, are being suppressed and prevented from functioning: and further in view of the fact that rulers in Punjab and some parts of Rajputana and Central India and in the South Indian States have shown an unpatriotic attitude and have betrayed a woeful lack of imagination and have been party to the liquidation of the Muslim and Hindu population by inhuman means, it becomes necessary to reiterate in unequivocal language the policy of the Congress in regard to the States.

Whatever may be the legal implications of accession and lapse of British paramountcy, the moral result of the independence of India was undoubtedly the establishment and recognition of the power of the people as distinguished from that of Princes and feudal or other interests hostile to natural popular aspirations. This power, the Congress is determined to uphold at any cost. Therefore, all such interests and specially the Princes should known that the Congress cannot uphold them unless they are demonstrably in favour of regarding the voice of the people as the supreme law. In such a democratic state the individual who wants to assert himself against the popular will cannot count, no matter how powerful he may be.

The meeting of the A.I.C.C. therefore hopes that the Princes will read the signs of the times and cooperate with the people, and those who have acted in a contrary spirit should retrace their steps and revise their undemocratic conduct and function through democratic organisations expressing the people's will. This they can best do by seeking the association and advice of the A.I.S.P.C. which has been endeavouring to act on behalf of the people of the States.

PRIVATE ARMIES.

By a large majority the A.I.C.C. adopted Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant's resolution on "private armies".

The resolution read: "The All-India Congress Committee has noted with regret that there is a growing desire on the part of some organisations to build up private armies. Any such development is dangerous to the safety of the State and for the growth of corporate life in the nation. The State alone should have its defence forces or police or home guards or recognized armed volunteer forces. The activities of the Muslim National Guard, the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh and Akali volunteers and such other organisations, in so far as they represent an endeavour to bring into being private armies, must be regarded as a menace to the hard-won freedom of the country. The A.I.C.C. urges all these organisations to discontinue such activities and the Central and Provincial Governments to take necessary steps in this behalf."

CUSTOMS DUTY ON RAW JUTE

India Govt. Surprised At Pakistan's Unilateral Action

KARACHI Nov. 16 (U.P.I.): The Pakistan Government has declared the Dominion of India to be a foreign territory for the purpose of tariffs and directed levy of customs duty at the prescribed rates on the export of raw jute-cuttings and all other descriptions to India.

DELHI OFFERS TO NEGOTIATE LONG TERM AGREEMENT

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (U.P.I.): The Pakistan Government in a press note issued recently by the Ministry of Finance stated that their action in levying an export duty on jute exported from East Bengal to India is justified on the ground that the Government of India refused to agree to share jute revenue with Pakistan.

Enquiries made in informed circles in New Delhi reveal that the Government of India could not accept the recent one-sided claim of the Pakistan Government in respect of particular items of revenue without a comprehensive examination of the entire question of customs and excise revenues. This would have to be examined on the basis of a reasonable long-term settlement covering the entire field of freedom of trade and commerce between the two Dominions and particularly the question of trade and customs barriers, uniformity of customs and the Central excise of both the Dominons on an equitable and scientific basis and as far as possible, a general agreement on other matters of common interests in the economic sphere.

It is learnt that the Government of India has offered to negotiate a reasonably long-term agreement immediately, which would be of such a nature as to cover equitably Pakistan's request in respect of jute export duty.

The Pakistan Government's press note further stated that their action involved no breach of the stand-still agreement and that they were prepared to submit the matter for arbitration. It is further expected that the Government of India will not levy any duty on jute which has been subjected to duty in Pakistan and they have stated that they should claim the whole of any such duty, if lvied by India. These claims and declarations have caused a considerable surprise in New Delhi that instead of considering this reasonable proposition by the Government of India, Pakistan should have taken unilateral action and represented the Government of India as being unreasonable.

Sheikh Abdulla's Charges Against Pakistan

See Page 4

KHALIQUZZAMAN'S PROPERTY ATTACHED

Sequel To Failure To Appear Before Court

CAWNPORE, Nov. 16 (UPI).—Owing to failure to appear before the Court to answer charges of defamation under Section 500 I.P.C. Chaudhury Khaliquzzaman's movable and immovable property has been ordered to be attached under Section 87-88 Cr P.C. by the City Magistrate.

The printer and publisher of the daily "Tanveer" of Lucknow, who appeared before the Court, tendered an unconditional apology to Mr. S. N. Tandon, President of the City Congress Committee, and agreed to pay Rs. 500 to any charitable organisation.

The case against Chaudhury Khaliquzzaman will be proceeded with and the bailable warrant still stands.

PAKISTAN HEALTH CONFERENCE DECISIONS

KARACHI, Nov. 16 (API).—The All-Pakistan Health Conference, which concluded its three-day deliberations on November 12 in Lahore it is learned has decided to amalgamate the Health and Medical Services.

The Conference Lar approved of the setting up of a Central Research Institute.

The Conference approved the constitution of a Pakistan Medical Service.

A regular nursing service, with gazetted posts, will be created in each Province of Pakistan. It was decided to form a Pakistan Medical Council and a Nursing Council.

Late News

IRANIAN DEPUTY PREMIER RESIGNS

TEHERAN, Nov. 16 (UPA).—Deputy Premier Ebrahim Khajenuri resigned today because he found it "impossible to implement any reforms with the present 'satellites'" which he said were clustered around Premier Ghavam Es Sultaneh.

MYSORE STATE CONGRESS CHIEF

BANGALORE, Nov. 16 (API).—Mr. K. T. Siddalingaiya was elected President of the Mysore State Congress by 113 votes to 72 secured by Mr. K. Kanumanthaiya, says a Chitaldrug message. Mr. Siddalingaiya was the first President of the Mysore State Congress in 1933.

EGYPTIAN DEFENCE MINISTER RESIGNS?

CAIRO, Nov. 16 (UPA).—The independent afternoon paper "Alzamani" today reported that National Defence Minister Ahmed Attia Pasha had resigned but official confirmation was lacking. The local press, meanwhile, continued speculation that Premier Nokrashi Pasha was trying to reshuffle his Cabinet to strengthen the Government.

Liberals Plump For Coalition Govt.

LONDON, Nov. 16 (UPA)—The Liberal Party—Britain's third party—appeared today to have launched a new campaign for a coalition government to lead Britain back to prosperity, but reliable sources said the Cabinet would reject it.

The new drive followed closely the announcement that Sir Stafford Cripps will become the Chancellor of the Exchequer and Britain's overall financial as well as economic boss. The Liberal Party suggested that Cripps might head an all party government.

Iftikharuddin Elected W. Punjab League Chief

LAHORE, Nov. 16 (API).—Mian Iftikharuddin, former Minister for Refugees and Rehabilitation, West Punjab, was today elected President of the West Punjab Muslim League by an overwhelming majority.

Mian Iftikharuddin secured 112 votes as against 66 secured by Mr. Khalik-ur-Rehman, Ministerial candidate, and 11 votes by Chaudhry Mohammad Hassan, leader of the East Punjab Muslim League Assembly Party.

Maulana Alluddin Siddiqui was elected General Secretary of the organisation.

No Referendum Needed Says Bakshi

League Free To Fight General Election On Accession Issue

SRINAGAR, Nov. 16, (A.P.I.): The people of Kashmir are more likely to be asked to ratify the provisional decision to accede to India at the general elections than to vote in a referendum to decide the future of the State in the light of the atrocities committed by the raiders, according to Mr. Ghulam Mohammad Bakshi, Deputy Chief of the Emergency administration of Kashmir.

Mr. Bakshi expressed this opinion when he was asked to amplify Sheikh Abdullah's statement two days ago that the people of Kashmir might not bother about the referendum any more.

In informal chat to pressmen at Srinagar, Mr. Bakshi threw interesting light on the course of the negotiations between National Conference leaders before they were called upon to shoulder power in Kashmir and Pakistan leaders.

As early as September last, the leaders of the National conference—those who were out of jail and in exile in India—had discussions with leaders of the Pakistan Government on the future of Kashmir. Sheikh Abdullah was himself in jail but Mr. Ghulam Mohammad Bakshi and Mr. Ghulam Mohammad Sadiq, Deputy President and Vice-President respectively of the National Conference, went to Lahore and met Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, the Pakistan Premier.

PAKISTAN OPPOSED TO REFERENDUM.

Discussions revealed, it is understood, that the Pakistan leaders were unwilling to let the Kashmir issue be decided by a referendum. The Pakistan leaders were reported to have said that unless Sheikh Abdullah privately pledged to Pakistan that the National Conference would solidly vote for the State's accession to Pakistan, they could not agree to a referendum. That suggestion was totally unacceptable to the leaders of the Conference.

Soon after the partition of the country into two Dominions, the Pakistan Government had sent an envoy to the Maharaja and the Prime Minister of Kashmir. When this envoy's efforts to persuade them to join Pakistan failed, he is reported to have threatened the State with serious consequences, economic and otherwise.

"Dire consequences followed in quick succession", Mr. Bakshi told pressmen. "Supplies of essential commodities which Pakistan should normally have given to the State did not arrive. There was an unnamed economic blockade against the State".

"This was not all. Raiders from across the border, equipped on a largescale began to infiltrate into various parts of the State in hundreds of lorries". Whichever parts they overran, they began to terrorise the people, looting and killing them indiscriminately.

"When Sheikh Saheb assumed power on October 27, he publicly announced that if the raiders withdrew from the State within seven days the National Conference was still willing to submit the question of the State's accession to a referendum or plebiscite. The raiders are still in Kashmir. We are not therefore committed to a referendum although the Government of India have said it must be held while accepting our accession.

"We are not however afraid of facing a referendum. But there is no question of holding a referendum any more to please Pakistan."

NO REFERENDUM NEEDED

Explaining that in any case a referendum could not be held until the raiders had been expelled from Gilgit, Muzaffarabad, Poonch and Mirpur areas, Mr. Bakshi added: "What is more likely to happen is that as soon as normal conditions are restored, there will be general elections. Muslim League followers have their own organisation in the State, the Muslim Conference. The election, would be fought on the issue of a ratification of the State's accession to India. The people would thus have an opportunity, through their respective platforms, to ratify the decision or negative it"

"We, as leaders of the National Conference, are in no doubt at all as to what the verdict will be. It will be overwhelmingly in favour of such ratification."

Mr Bakshi recalled his visits to Sopur, Bandipur Handwara and other places north of Srinagar, where he had been to set up the Emergency Administration after the expulsion of the raiders and said wherever he went he addressed public meetings and asked the people the question: "Do you want to join Pakistan"? "No" went up the unanimous cry of the people.

At one of these places, local villagers had caught redhanded two of the raiders carrying loot. They were brought to the public meeting to be handed over to Mr. Bakshi. Mr. Bakshi asked the gathering: "What do you suggest I should do with them?" "Shoot them" was the unanimous answer.

"Such people's plebiscites are held everywhere I go to re-establish law and order" Mr. Bakshi concluded. "They are more than a verdit against Pakistan. Make no mistake. The average illiterate Kashmiri knows by now what Pakistan has in store for him".

Arms Seized In Cawnpore

CAWNPORE, Nov. 15 (API).—A large number of unlicensed arms including twelve 'Karaulis', twelve swords, one pistol, several live cartridges and one bayonet, were recovered following raids organised by the Police on about a dozen houses in Seesamau area.

The police arrested five persons in this connection.

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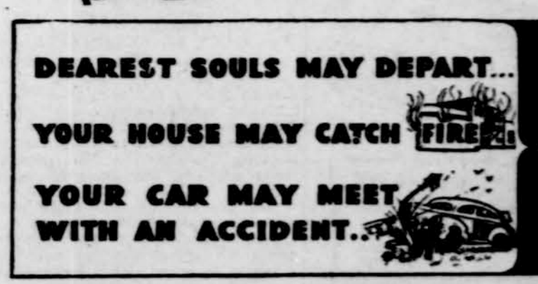
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CROWDS RUSH DOORS OF MOSLEY MEETING HALL

LONDON, Nov. 15 (Reuter): Sir Oswald Mosley, former leader of the British Union of Fascists, in his first political speech since the war declared in London tonight that America was facing Russian Communism across the prostrate body of Europe in a struggle to preserve the remnants of Western civilisation.

The Union of Europe was now necessary to the survival of every nation on the Continent, he said.

The meeting was veiled in strictest secrecy. The place of assembly was kept secret from all those invited, except for a handful of reliable supporters. The remainder were instructed on their invitations to assemble at various points of London from where they would be guided to the hall.

Reuters and the British Press Association received invitations only two hours before the meeting was due to start.

Of the position in Britain he said: "The Labour Government has produced a muddle without parallel, and a paradise for every crook and shark, big and small, in the land. The Conservative answer is as inadequate to meet the situation as it is absurd in a party of their nationalist pretensions.

"The idea I now advance" he said, "is as far beyond both the Fascism and democracy of 1939 as a jet-propelled aeroplane is beyond a 19th century steam-engine.

"Direct national action can solve Britain's economic problem, if the development of the African Colonies is attacked wth the same concentration of national energy and singleness of purpose as an operation of war—this time the war against poverty and want.

"If we link the Union of Europe with the development of Africa in a new system of two continents, we will build a civilisation which surpasses and a force which equals, any power in the world."

STONE-THROWING

Demonstrators, who had heard about the meeting in spite of the secrecy, tried to get in and when they were turned back threw stones through the windows, covering the hall with broken glass and slightly injuring some of Mosley's supporters.

Police and Mosley followers wearing red armbands with the letter "M" kept out the demonstrators, who surged towards the doors shouting "Down With Mosley."

Traffic was held up by crowds as police reinforcements arrived in response to an S.O.S.

CROWD RUSHES DOORS

Later a crowd shouting "Down With Mosley" rushed the doors and police drew their batons to keep them out. Reinforcements arrived after the demonstrators proved too much for the police.

The trouble started when men without admission cards tried to get into the hall where Sir Oswald Mosley was speaking Mosley's supporters refused to let them in and they tried to force their way past. Soon a big crowd collected and traffic was held up.

INDIA'S RESOLUTION AT U. N. ON S. AFRICA

Britain Wants Amendment: No Condemnation Of My Govt. Says Lawrence

LAKE SUCCESS (New York), Nov. 16 (Reuter).—Voting on resolutions before the Political Committee of the United Nations on the treatment of Indians in South Africa, is now expected to take place tomorrow after Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit has spoken.

Mr. Hector McNeil, Britain's representative on the Political Committee, last night described as "the flapping wings of political vultures" interventions by Poland and Byelorussia in the Committee's debate on treatment of Indians in South Africa.

The "vultures" he said, "hovered over these discussions hoping to find a carcase from the Commonwealth with good pickings."

Mr. Hector McNeil, Britain's representative on the Political Committee said that by taking isolated statements by Smuts he cannot be proved to be the enemy of the United Nations.

"Smuts is an internationalist whose reputation will live when most of our speeches are forgotten."

The present debate had been conducted in excellent fashion, Mr. McNeil said. India has conducted her case with "deep moderation" and South Africa with "firmness and great force."

BRITAIN WANTS AMENDMENT

The debate would be reckoned in future as one of the most important which the Political Committee had disposed of, he added.

Mr. McNeil said there was a great opportunity for statesmanship. He hoped the Indians would amend their resolution, making it acceptable to Britain.

Otherwise Britain would have to support the joint Danish, Belgian and Brazilian resolution.

Four resolutions were facing the Committee:

1. India's original resolution calling for a Round Table Conference, and requesting the General Assembly to "express its regret" at the failure of South Africa to implement the 1946 resolution on treatment of Indians.

2. A "blanket" resolution by Iraq condemning racial discrimination everywhere.

3. A joint Danish-Belgian-Brazilian resolution asking India and South Africa to continue their efforts towards settlement, and suggesting reference to the International Court, if these efforts failed.

4. A Mexican amendment requiring deletion from the Indian resolution of the condemnatory clause.

Earlier, the United States had urged a Round Table Conference between India and South Africa on the rights of Indians in the Union.

Mr. H. G. Lawrence, South Africa, said it was hardly appropriate for the Polish and Yugoslav delegates to protest against what they called "flaunting of the General Assembly Resolution by South Africa."

"Whenever they found the resolution of the Assembly inconvenient", he said, "they ignored it, and have shown blatant and cynical disregard for UNO."

CONDEMNATION OF S.A. GOVT. CAN'T BE ACCEPTABLE

Mr. Lawrence opposed any suggestion that passive resisters in South African prisons had been given discriminatory treatment.

The main reason for breakdown of talks between India and South Africa, he said, was that the two countries could not find any basis for agreement.

"We are political laboratory where all these various problems of the world are being worked out," Mr. Lawrence declared. "These problems are not going to be eased unless we can have sympathetic understanding of them from this world forum."

No resolution can be acceptable to my Government if such resolution contains condemnation of my country in advance."

The Political Committee adjourned until tomorrow.

Sind Team For A.-I. Badminton

KARACHI, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): The following will represent Sind in the All-India Inter-Provincial Badminton Championships to be held in Bombay under the auspices of the All-India Badminton Association, from December 6 to 18:—Aminullan Rajput, A. A. Surya, T. Kamadin, A. Athaide, G. E. Morris, D. Jantzen, R. Athaide, S. Captain, Mrs. A. Athaide, and Miss P. Diaz.

PRODUCE WORKABLE PLAN FOR RIGHT EDUCATION

Gandhiji's Message To Regional Study Conference In China

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): Under the caption "Notes" and heading "Removal of Inequalities" today's "Harijan" publishes the following:—

"The Regional Study Conference on fundamental education was held in China early in September. A Bulletin issued by the Publicity Department of the Government of India contains the following text of Gandhiji's message and comments thereon:—

"I am deeply interested in the efforts of the United Nations Economic, Social and Cultural Organization to secure peace through educational and cultural activities. I fully appreciate that real security and lasting peace cannot be secured so long as extreme inequalities in education and culture exist as they do among the nations of the world. Light must be carried even to the remotest homes in the less fortunate countries which are in comparative darkness, and I think that in this cause the nations which are economically and educationally advanced have special responsibility. I wish your Conference every success, and I hope that you will be able to produce a workable plan for providing the right type of education particularly in countries in which opportunities for education are restricted owing to economic and other circumstances."

Commenting on the above message the Bulletin added:

The message was received with great respect and reverence, and the entire audience that had gathered there stood up while it was being read. The Conference also sent a letter of thanks and appreciation to Mahatma Gandhi for his inspiring message'.

East Punjab Honours Lajpat Rai's Memory

SIMLA, Nov. 14 (A.P.I.): Monday, Nov. 17, is the death anniversary of late Lala Lajpat Rai. The Government of East Punjab, says in a communique, have decided that being the first death anniversary after the achievement of independence for which this great Punjabi National leader had played so important a part this day should be declared a public holiday.

All courts, offices and institutions under the government of East Punjab will remain closed except the offices of the East Punjab Government Secretariat, Financial Commissioners and the refugees and rehabilitation which will remain open to transact business of immediate character.

COMPETITORS FOR OLYMPIC GAMES

Provisional estimates indicate that a record number of competitors will take part in the Olympic Games to be held in Britain next year. At present the record is held by Berlin where 3,959 competitors assembled for the Olympic Games of 1936. Preliminary advices so far received from the nations that have accepted invitations for next year's Games suggest the possibility of some 6,000 competitors.

Mohun Bagan Wins I. F. A. Shield

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16 (API).—Mohun Bagan annexed the I.F.A. Shield defeating East Bengal by one goal to nil in the final played this afternoon on the Calcutta Football Club Ground.

Mohun Bagan wins the Trophy for the second time in his history after 36 years.

Sarojini Cancels Engagements

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): H. E. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Governor of U.P., has under medical advice, postponed her departure to Lucknow till November 22. All engagements till end of November are cancelled.

CONTROLS HARMFUL

Gandhiji Wants Govt. To Remove Them As They Promoted Corruption & Black Market

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15. (A.P.I.): Addressing the post-prayer meeting today Mahatma Gandhi said that he felt the audience would naturally expect him to tell them something of what he had said at the A.I.C.C. meeting in the afternoon, but he did not feel like repeating himself. As a matter of fact it was what he had been saying to them all these days. If he was called in sincerity the father of the nation, it was true only in the sense that he had had a great hand in making the Congress what it had become after his return from South Africa in 1915. That meant that he influenced the nation greatly. But to-day he could no longer claim such influence. This fact, however, did not, at least should not, worry him. All had but to do their duty and leave the result in God's hands. Nothing happened without God's will. Theirs was only to strive. So he had gone to the A.I.C.C. meeting as a matter of duty, to tell the members what he believed to be the truth, if he got the permission to speak to the members before they commenced the business of the meeting.

What he wanted to tell the audience, however, was about Controls. He could no more than just touch upon the subject in the A.I.C.C. meeting as he had taken a long time over the other matters of moment.

CRIMINAL TO HAVE CONTROLS.

He felt it was criminal to have Controls. The Control system might have been good during war time. It might be good also for a military nation. It was harmful for India. He was sure that there was no scarcity of foodstuff or cloth in the land. Rains had not failed them. They had enough cotton in the land and enough hands to work at the spinning wheel and the loom. Moreover they had mills. He felt therefore that the two controls were bad. There were other controls too, as for instance, on petroleum, sugar etc. He could see no justification for them. They tended to make people lazy and dependent. Laziness and dependence were any day bad for the nation. He had daily complaints about these Controls. He hoped that the nation's representatives would come to a wise decision and advise the Government to remove these Controls which promoted corruption, hypocrisy and black marketing.

DR. SHARIAR SEES NO NEED FOR INDO-PAKISTAN WAR

KARACHI, Nov. 15 (A.P.I.): Dr. Sutan Shahrir, former Prime Minister of Indonesia, who arrived here on Thursday, in an interview said that judging from what he knew of the situation in India and Pakistan there was neither the possibility nor the necessity of a war between the two Dominions.

He disclosed that while in the Middle East he had suggested to the Arab League leaders to help India and Pakistan in finding a solution to their difficulties.

He stated that it was learnt by him that the five lakhs of tons of rice which had been promised to India in exchange for machinery could not now be sent as the Dutch were interfering with the dispatch of this rice to the Indian Union.

Dr. Shahrir met the Foreign Secretary of Pakistan, Mr. Ikramullah yesterday.

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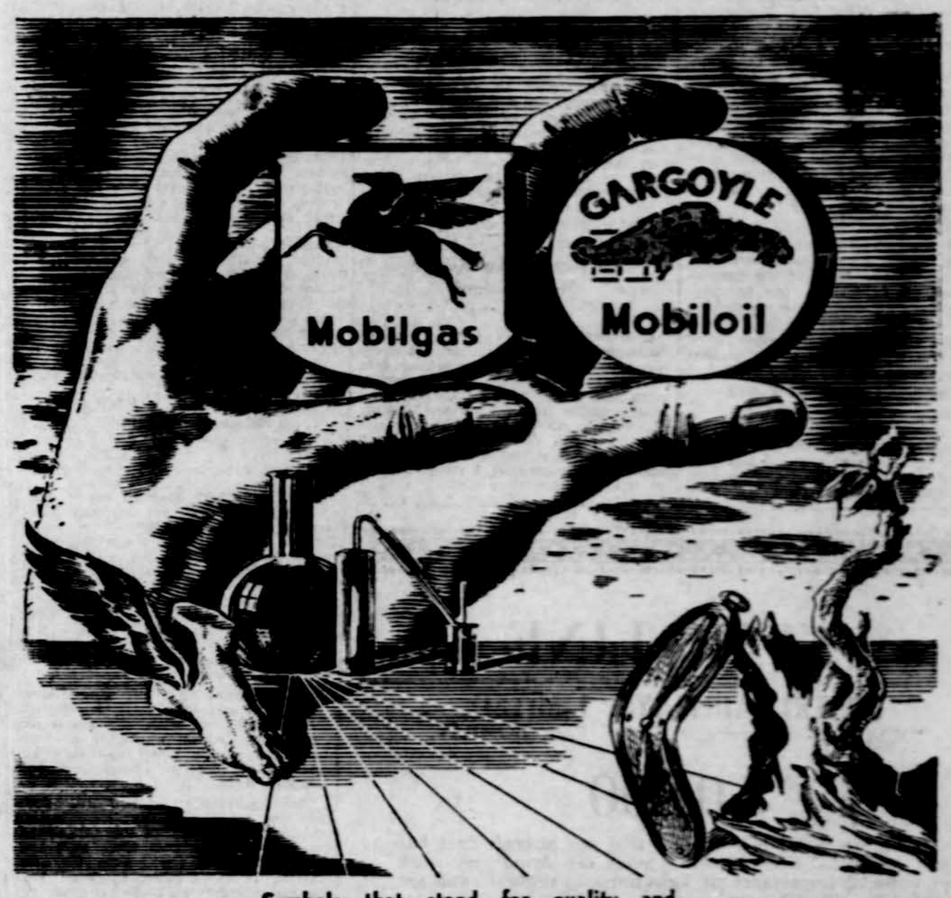

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RAJKAMAL'S ROLLICKING HIT
JEEVAN YATRA
Producer V. SHANTARAM
Directed by
WINAYAK
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30, Sun. 1-15 p.m.
Plans open 10 to 11-30, 4-30 to 6 p.m.
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KASTA
FAZLI BROTHERS' PICTURE
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Mayadevi, W. M. Khan, Shahida
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SHAHZADI, BABY NALINI
MAJESTIC
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Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
JAI HIND
Daily 3-45, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
Sat. Sun. Matinee at 1 p.m.

CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY
Hindu: Kartik 5 Vad 2004
Muslim: Mohurrum 3 1367
Parsi: Khordad 15 1317
Sunrise 6-47 a.m., Sunset 6-00 p.m.
Hightide 02-42, 14-07 Lowtide 08-44, 20-06

Today's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURORS

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

MAZDAZNAN: Today at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall Waudby Road, General Knowledge Evening.

EFFICIENCY CLUB OF INDIA. Lecture on "Industrial Engineering Practices In America" by Mr. N.M. Mitchell, M. E. (President-Barnes Textile Association), at 6 p.m. today (Monday) Electric House Mr. Naval Tata presiding.

INDO-ARAB CULTURAL ASSOCIATION: Dr Mahdihassan, Ph.D., on "The Devnagri origin of the Arab Script" at Anjumane Islam, Hornby Road, tomorrow (Tuesday) at 5-30 p.m.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER: Third Quarterly General Meeting will be held today (Monday) at 4-0 p.m. in the Office of the Chamber.

AT YOU TODAY: "Shakespeare's Evening" at Youths' Own Union—YOU—today Monday at Cama Oriental Institute's (Library) Hall at 6-15 p.m.

SECOND PROVINCIAL CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING CONFERENCE

The Second Provincial Co-operative Marketing Conference will be held at Bombay in the University Convocation Hall on 20th and 21st Nov. '47. The Hon'ble Minister for Home and Revenue will inaugurate the Conference and the Hon'ble Minister for Agriculture will preside. The Hon'ble Minister for Co-operation and Finance and the Hon'ble Minister for Civil Supplies will also address the Conference.

REAY MUSEUM CURATOR
POONA (By Mail)

Rao Saheb B. V. Gharpure, Curator of the Lord Reay Maharashtra Industrial Museum, Poona, sailed for U. K. on Tuesday las by "S. S. ATLANTIS". He will visit U.S.A. for about four months and see and study Museums etc. and then return to U.K. His stay in U.K. will be about four months. He may visit Meseums in Russia and other European countries as well. His programme covers a period of about one year. In his absence Mr. P. G. Kashikar will act as Curator of the Museum.

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Bombay Women Demand Raising Of National Army

Resolutions Passed By Conference Of A.I.C.C. Branch

BOMBAY, Sunday.—The Bombay Branch of the All-India Women's Conference which concluded its twentieth session here today pledged its support to the Nehru Government and called upon the Union Cabinet to take steps to raise a "national army" to prepare for the country's defence and combat the growing manifestation of communal schisms in Indian politics.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, who was in the chair, called upon the women of India to prepare to shoulder their responsibilities. The future of the country could not be decided without the active participation of women in national affairs, she said.

The Conference adopted a number of resolutions on important questions.

KASHMIR: The release of Sheikh Abdulla was welcomed and support to the Union Government's action vis-a-vis Kashmir was extended.

ADULT EDUCATION: A suitable curriculum of studies for the benefit of adults was suggested.

FOOD: The attitude of America and her "satellite countries" for using food as a pawn in the game of power politics was criticised. Abolition of Zamindari and strict measures for the equitable distribution of food grains were considered of paramount interest.

POLITICAL SITUATION: Exchange of population was viewed with frank disfavour but women were called upon to back the Nehru Government in all its shape.

CIVIL LIBERTIES: The Conference noted with regret that even today a number of political prisoners "are rotting in prisons."

STATES: The India Government was called upon to help the subject peoples of Indian States in their struggle for Responsible Government and the Indian Princes were asked to submit to the mechanism of plebiscite in deciding the future of their territories.

FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS: A resolution was passed asking that an impartial committee be appointed to inquire into the cases of misuse of authority by government authorities and that women should be taken up on the Committee.

NATIONAL RECONSTRUCTION: The Conference requested the Government to lay stress on the nationalisation of key industries in their programme of national reconstruction.

The prevalence of black-marketing, housing shortage and scarcity of cloth formed the subject matter of other resolutions which demanded that the authorities take immediate and vigorous steps to remedy the evils.

The Conference gave a reception to Mrs. Mithan Lam, the first woman Sheriff of Bombay. Tributes were paid to her record of service.

KELKAR MEMORIAL

Three Lakhs To Be Collected

POONA, Nov 16 (A.P.I.): A Kelkar Memorial Hall is to be built in Poona at a cost of Rs. 1,00,000 as a tribute to the services of the late Mr. N. C. Kelkar to Poona and Maharashtra.

A Committee has been formed here to collect a sum of Rs. 3,00,000 for the purpose of raising this memorial. A lakh of rupees out of this amount are to be handed over to the Poona University, when it comes into being, and the remaining one lakh to the Engineering College at Sangli.

The Kesari-Maharatta Trust, of which the late Mr. Kelkar was the Chairman for some time, has promised a donation of Rs. 10,000 for the fund.

PREMIERE ON FRI. 21ST
Advance Booking: 10 to 12: 4 to 6
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WINGS OF MUSIC!
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Starring:
KHURSHID & SURENDRA
Sadiqali, Baby Tabassum, etc.
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FOURTH WEEK
PRAKASH Picture
Bhakta DHRUVA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m
Ad. Booking 9-30 to 12-30 and 3-30 to 6-30
An EVERGREEN Release

Cut In City Rice Ration

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Due to the late monsoon, rice is not yet available in sufficient quantities from the local produce. Owing to unforeseen circumstances the Government of India have also been unable to make readily available allocation of rice to this Province. The maximum proportion of rice in the ration quantum for Bombay City and Suburbs has, therefore, been temporarily reduced to 1/4 Bombay seer per adult per week for the fortnight commencing from to-day, Nov. 16 says a Press Note issued by the Supply Commissioner.

The maximum for wheat (including wheat-flour) is, however, being increased to two seers, of which not more than one seer can be taken in wheat grain. Milo will be available to the extent of 3/4 seer and maize upto 1/2 seer. Of the total quantum which will remain at 3 1/8 Bombay seers, not more than 2 7/8 seers can be taken in rice, wheat (including wheat-flour) and milo.

APPEAL TO ARMY OFFICERS FOR HELP TO REFUGEES

Brig. D.S. Brar, OBE, Commander, Bombay Sub Area in a presonal appeal to all Officers and other ranks serving under his command has impressed upon them the necessity of helping the refugees who need warm clothing, blankets, razais etc.

All gifts and donations in this connection may be sent to Mrs. Brar, Colaba House, Colaba and cheques may be made payable to Bombay Sub Area Refugee Fund.

Mrs. Brar hopes that our women folk will follow in the footsteps of the ladies of all strata of society who actively helped during the last war by knitting woolen articles and will join the drive in this respect which she is starting from 21st Nov 1947 from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. every Tuesday and Friday morning at her house.

She will greatly appreciate help from the families of the army personnel now residing in Bombay.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS
BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Colville attended Divine Service at the Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY 1
MONDAY, November 17.

244 m (1,231 kc/s). 7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 N D Koli Pakhawaj Recital 8-45 Shalini Narvekar Marathi Song 9-0 D M Kamat Vocal Music 12-0 p.m. Bahnon Ke Liye Programme of special interest in women 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Variety 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 4-20 Teachers Broadcast Jalatarang solo: Raag Hameer 4-30 The Library (Part I) Talk in English by Margaret Ahmadi 4-45 School Broadcasts (Part I: Talk in English by Sulabha Panandikar 5-0 Koli Pakhawaj Recital 5-15 Hirabai Javeri 5-35 Vatsala Mudholkar Vocal Music 5-45 News (K) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 B S Jhaveri Vocal Music 6-30 Dilipkumar (Gujarati Geet) 6-45 Vatsala Mudholkar Vocal Music 7-0 Monday Special 7-15 B S Jhaveri Vocal Music 7-30 "Mari Gujarat" Talk in Gujarati by Kavi A F Khabardar 7-45 "Din Mawalala" 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Musical Round Up 9-0 News (E) 9-30 News 9-45 Meet Our Guest 10-30 Shalini Narvekar (Bageshri) 10-30 D M Kamat Vocal Music VARIATIONS

41.44 m (7,240 kc/s) 7-40 a.m. Mile Jule Gane 5-45 p.m. Topics 5.55 Locals 6-15 Rural Listeners.

61.48 m (4,880 kc/s) 7-45 p.m. Commercial 8-0 Dilipkumar (Gujarati Geet) 8-15 Hirabai Javeri (Bhavgeet) 9-0 D M Kamat Vocal Music 9-20 Hirabai Javeri Nain phirat

TALKS ON RADIO FOR TEACHERS

Commencing from Monday the 17th instant, the School Broadcasts programme of All India Radio, Bombay, will contain a few talks addressed to the teachers. These talks which cover subjects like library, visual education, magazines, aid to teaching and excursions are intended to aid the teachers in giving proper guidance to pupils following School Broadcasts. The first talk will be broadcast by Margaret Ahmadi at 4-30 p.m. on Monday the 17th, and the remaining talks upto Friday the 21st can be heard daily from 4-30 to 5 p.m.

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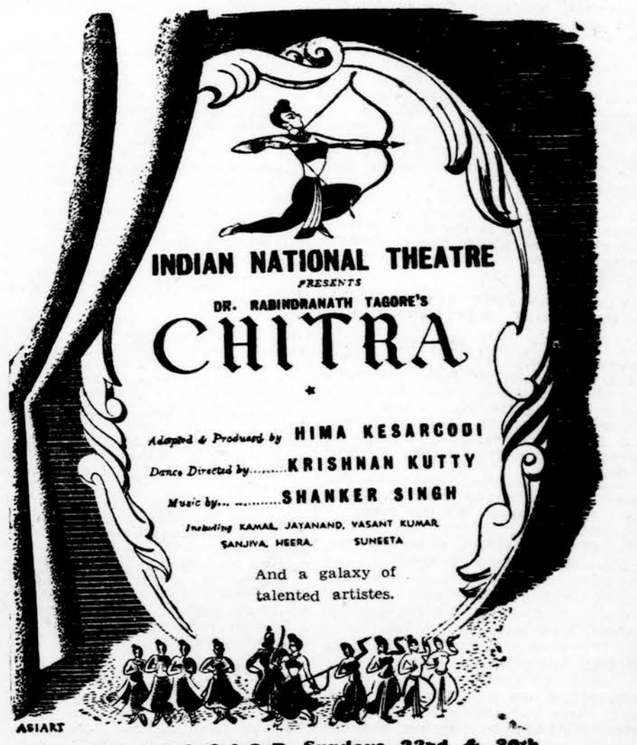
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Music by.....SHANKER SINGH
Including KAMAL, JAYANAND, VASANT KUMAR, SANJIVA, HEERA, SUNEETA
And a galaxy of talented artistes.
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WEATHER CHART

POONA, Nov. 16 (A.P.I.): The following is the daily weather chart, showing the maximum and minimum temperatures in inches, and rainfall temperatures and rainfall in inches, during the past 24 hours from Nov. 1 1947, and departure from the normal recorded at 08-00 hrs. (I.S.T.) on Sunday (16th Nov.):

Ahmedabad 89 66 0 0, Ahmednagar 87 75 0 0.1 minus 0.7, Allahabad 85 56 0 0 minus 0.2, Amraoti 84 63 0 0 minus 0.4, Baroda 95 55 0 0, Bhopal 83 51 0 0 minus 0.8, Bombay 89 72 0 0 minus 0.5, Calcutta 88 65 0 0 minus 0.7, Cawnpore 85 53 0 0 minus 0.3 Cocanada 83 66 0 2.1, Cochin 84 74 0 0 minus 5.1, Colombo 88 71 0 2.4 minus 6.5, Delhi 83 57 0 0 0, Gaya 85 59 0 0 minus 0.3, Hyderabad (Dn.) 84 54 0 0 minus 0.9, Jacobabad 91 63 0 0, Jamshedpur 86 64 0 0.2, Juobulpore 83 82 53 0 0 minus 0.3, Karachi nil, Khandwa 87 50 0 0 minus 0.5, Lahore 84 56 0 0 0, Lucknow 86 54 0 0 minus 0.1, Madras 86 62 0 0 minus 8.1, Mangalore 89 71 0 0 minus 2.3, Mysore 80 60 0 1.3 minus 0.6, Nagpur 84 56 0 0, Patna 85 61 0 0 minus 0.2, Peshawar nil, Poona 89 57 0 0.3 minus 0.6, Quetta 67 31 0 0 0, Rajkot 94 67 0 0 minus 0.1, shillong 67 47 0 0 minus 1.3, Srinagar nil Surat 95 65 0 0 minus 0.2.

Thundershowers In South Malabar

POONA, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): Following is the weather summary for Sunday, the 16th Nov. 1947.

Yesterday's western disturbance has moved across extreme north of the country but has introduced a low pressure area over Sind and West Rajputana. Isolated showers have occurred in South-East Bengal and South Malabar. Weather has been dry elsewhere over the country.

Night temperatures have been appreciably below normal in the Madras Presidency, Mysore, the Deccan and West Central India.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 17TH EVENING:—Thundershowers may occur locally in the East Punjab and at a few stations in Kashmir, North Rajputana, Assam, along the Coromandel Coast and in South Malabar. Scattered dust or thunderstorms are also likely in Sind, North-east Baluchistan, and the North-West Frontier Province.

'A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"The present time is one of Universal penetration of Science into the life of man. Ours is a century when the tools of industry, Social reforms and even Nature itself are remodelled on the principles of reason and Science."

—KOMOROV, President, Russian Academy of Science.

The Bombay Chronicle

CONGRESS POLICY

The All-India Congress Committee, now in session at Delhi, is meeting for the first time since the inauguration of Independence on August 15 to consider the various problems created by the suddenly changed conditions since then. It might have met earlier with advantage but it could not, as things were moving and changing too fast to permit the formulation of definite policies by the intensely pre-occupied Government. The main problem before the Committee, as before the country, is that of the raging communal riots and their sequel in the form of huge migrations of millions across the Indo-Pakistan border. As these riots are the bitter fruits of the two-nation theory, the A.I.C.C. has again condemned it and re-enunciated the fundamental policy of the Congress of regarding it as "a national institutidn open to all Indians without difference of creed or religion" and of regarding India as "a Democratic Secular State where all citizens enjoy full rights and are equally entitled to the protection of the State irrespective of the religion to which they belong." The Constituent Assembly itself has accepted this as the basic principle of the constitution and the A.I.C.C. assures the minorities in India that Congress will continue to protect, to the best of its ability, their citizenship rights against aggression. The A.I.C.C. also calls upon the Central Government as well as the Provincial Governments to make every effort to create conditions wherein all minorities and all citizens have security and opportunity for progress. These are not new ideas but have been adhered to by Congress throughout its existence, and the A.I.C.C. justly expects all Congressmen and the people of India to continue to adhere strictly to these and "not to allow themselves to be diverted into wrong channels by passion or prejudice or by the tragic events that have happened." These tragic events themselves should teach both India and Pakistan the urgent necessity not only of protecting the minorities but of making no difference at all between the minorities as such and the majority. In other words, no person should be debarred from reaching the hightest position in the State on communal grounds.

So much for the rights of minorities and the corresponding duties of the majority or the State. It is but fair that the minorities on their part should pay due attention to their own duties. That point will be clearer if we consider our own minorities, particularly the Muslim minority. The Congress President, Acharya Kripalani, makes some pertinent remarks in this behalf. He points out that the safety of the Muslims must come from their Hindu neighbours who form a majority of the population and from whom the majority in the ranks of the Police and the Army must come but that these will not be active in affording this protection unless they know their co-religionists in Pakistan are getting a fair deal. The President accordingly suggests that the Muslims in the Indian Dominion should bring pressure on Pakistan to do justice to its minorities. It, of course, follows that the non-Muslim minorities in Pakistan should likewise bring pressure on their co-religionists in India. Speaking generally, while the minorities in either State need to be protected in every way possible, the task will be easier if the minorities themselves help the State in every way possible.

So far as the Muslims in the Indian Dominion are concerned, they have been given the very best guidance by Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and the Convention convened by him. Under his wise lead the Convention has advised Indian Muslims to wind up the Muslim League and all other communal political organisations and join the Indian National Congress. The Convention's decision "to abjure communalism from politics and approach political problems from a non-sectarian socio-economic angle" deserves to be followed by all communities in the country. Recent disturbances have inflamed communal prejudices to an unprecedented extent and if they are not combated promptly they will corrupt our politics and be a menace to true democracy. As suggested by Gandhiji and Maulana Azad, the right answer to communal political organisations is the creation of a powerful public opinion by the Congress so as to render them ineffective.

South African Defiance

The debate in the U. N. Political Committee on India's resolution regarding the Indo-South African dispute reveals some members in a light which is scarcely complimentary to them. There can be no outrage to the principles of the United Nations greater than racial discrimination, the denial of human equality. The South African Union has openly committed this outrage and when the United Nations Assembly passed a resolution last year instructing the Union to adopt a certain course of action, that resolution was publicly ridiculed and flouted by South African statesmen, headed by General Smuts himself. The attitude of the Union Government called for sharp denunciation by any self-respecting International Body of which the South African Union was a unit and by its members who were concerned to maintain and vindicate its dignity, authority and principles and, therefore, of their own.

India in its present resolution has only asked that the United Nations expressed its "regret" at the failure of South Africa to carry out last year's instructions. How necessary it is to record this regret is further stressed by South Africa's own answer to the U.N.O. It is a defiant denial of United Nations jurisdiction; and more. It blatantly and unashamedly justified the racial laws and practice of the Union Government. It is the literal truth and no exaggeration that the reply of the Union is, as the Ukrainian delegate described it, a treatise in defence of racial discrimination, which would have done justice to Nazi Germany. The South African Union has openly challenged both the authority and the fundamental principles of the United Nations. It has done so, as the Egyptian Government pointed out, as any member-State might do when criticised for the confessed and self-proclaimed crime of practising slavery or trafficking in narcotics. In the face of this challenge there are States—including Mexico of all countries!—who recoil at the suggestion even of regret at South Africa's conduct. Is it moral cowardice or a sneaking sympathy for the alleged philosophy of the superiority of the White race?

Frankly Speaking

Britain's Notice

While the pro-Zionist Partition Sub-Committee of the U. N. Palestine Committee is complacently busy counting its imaginary chickens, as it were, and dividing the Arab homeland, its assets and resources, the British delegate, Sir Alexander Cadogan, has served on the United Nations, and particularly its partition enthusiasts, a very welcome notice. Efforts to induce Britain to resile from its declared policy of declining to be an active party to any solution not acceptable to both Jews and Arabs, have evidently failed. Sir Alexander Cadogan has reiterated the declared policy and in so doing has faced the partitionists with a difficult problem. He has hinted unmistakably that in case the U. N. takes a decision not agreeable to both Jews and Arabs—and partition is such a decision—Britain will declare the Mandate terminated and end British civil administration even before military withdrawal is completed. That is to say, those who will be responsible for a U. N. decision in favour of partition will find themselves forthwith saddled with the responsibility of administering Palestine in the teeth of Arab opposition or leave the country to chaos out of which there is only one shape in which it can emerge.

Partitionists Worried

This is a situation which the partitionists, particularly their leader, the United States, would very much want to avoid. The Soviet Union also does not seem to be very comfortable over it. It was always the policy of the United States leaders to get its own desires enforced by Britain with Britain's police and army and civil administration. The Soviet Union supported partition in order to share with the rival United States a territorial, political and economic foothold in Palestine and thus in the Middle East. That troublesome rivalry was bad enough. The British warning that, should partition be decided upon, the partitionists might find themselves responsible for the administration of Palestine virtually overnight, will make things even worse for them. It is possible to expect more "deadlocks" now in the Partition Sub-Committee as a result of the British warning.

Pandit Nehru

Deserved tributes were paid to Pandit Nehru last week by his numerous admirers in India and abroad on the occasion of his 58th birthday. Lord Mountbatten stated a plain truth when he declared that when history came to be written Pandit Nehru would prove to have been one of the greatest men any country had at any time in history, nor did the British Secretary of State for Foreign Relations indulge in any exaggeration when he said that Pandit Nehru was not only a great nationalist but also a great internationalist as well and that he had largely made the forces now controlling Asia, forces which could turn the continent from the follies to which Europe had so often fallen during the last decade. Next to Gandhiji, Pandit Nehru is the most loved and most respected leader in India. It is only natural that he has been President of the Congress four times—an honour not shared by any other Indian—and that he is, by universal consent, the first Prime Minister of free India. India is now passing through unprecedented troubles but the people feel reassured at the thought that Pandit Nehru is at the helm. However, it is not enough for the people to praise and honour him. Having put upon him heavy responsibilities, they should give him every necessary support so as to lighten his tremendous burden. India is still suffering from the many consequences of the war and of the old regime. It is unfair to blame Pandit Nehru or his Government for them. On the contrary he and his Government deserve the highest praise for the way they have triumphed over difficulties which, in the words of Lord Mountbatten, were enough to try any new Government.

Is Soviet Atom Bomb Trial A Fact?

FRANKFURT, Nov. 16 (Reuter): The claim that the explosion from the Soviet atom bomb experiment reported by a French newspaper last week was registered at Stuttgart seismographic station on June 13 this year appeared in 'Stuttgarter Zeitung'.

The paper quoted Dr. Hiller, head of the station, as revealing registration of two "abnormal" tremors at that time, 'Dena,' German news agency in the United States zone, reported.

Afghans Meddling In Kashmir Tangle?

NEW DELHI, Nov. 14: Afghanistan is meddling in Indian affairs. Addressing a note to Government of India, Afghanistan has asked the latter to withdraw troops from Kashmir according to unconfirmed reports.—"A. B. Patrika" Allahabad.

"NEW PATTERN TO PERFIDY" IN KASHMIR

Sheikh Abdulla's Invitation To World To See What "Friends From Pakistan" Have Done

SRINAGAR, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): Sheikh Abdullar, Head of the Emergency Administration in Kashmir, to-day invited observers from all countries especially the Islamic countries, "to come and see for themselves what the invaders have done to destory the home of those very Mussalmans for whose deliverance they pretended they were coming in the name of Islam as "friends from Pakistan".

AN APPEAL.

In an apeal to "all lovers of Kashmir all the world over and the sons of Kashmir in whichever part of the world they may be, Sheikh Abdullah urged them to pool their best and contribute towards the relief and rebuilding of the people of Kashmir.

About the raiders Sheikh Abdullah said: "They are criminals before history who exalted these invaders as the liberators of the people of Kashmir. They violated and abducted women. They massacred children. They looted everything and everyone. They even dishonoured the holy quran and converted mosques into brothels and to-day every Kashmiri loathes the invading tribesmen and their arch inspirers who have been responsible for such horrors in a land which is peopled by an overwhelming majority of Mussalmans"

NEW PATTERN TO PERFIDY.

Sheikh Abdullah says: "During the last few years a war-torn world has been witness to the dark depths to which treachery can sink in pursuit of conquest through aggression. But what happened to Kashmir, I dare say, adds altogether a new pattern to perfidy. Thousands of tribal Pathans equipped with mechnised weapons of war swooped down on us not merely as armed bandits, but as a centrally directed force with the avowed object of subjugating our land to the vassalage of Pakistan at the point of the gun. Unaware of such danger ahead of us and without any warning from outside, we found that the invaders had almost pierced through the heart of our country. They were perilously threatening Srinagar, the capital itself. Our people were literally stunned, not because they were afraid of losing their lives, but because they realised how serious a challenge this invasion was to their will to be independent to decide their own destiny.

PEOPLE TAKE OVER.

This grave realization ignited in the hearts of the proud freedom lovers of Kashmir flaming patriotism which, I am happy to say, welded them into a granite wall to resist aggression. The old administration had virtually collapsed and the people themselves under the leadership of their national organization, the All Jammu and Kashmir National Conference, took over the momentous task of regulating civil life, fighting the fifth column and facing the enemy at the front.

At this most grim hour of our trial arrived the rescue forces of the Indian Union for which every Kashmiri is grateful to their true friendliness in our most distressed hour. Today the worst is over; the enemy is on the run; but the danger still remains. But I am confident that not one of the insolent invaders will be left on our sacred soil in the near future. This invasion has left deep wounds on our hearts. Our beautiful land lies despoiled with hundreds of villages and precious paddy of thousands of maunds reduced to ashes. Prosperous Pattan is nothing more than a heap of smoking ruins and beautiful Baramulla has been freely looted by filthy hands.

INVADERS ARE CRIMINALS BEFORE HISTORY.

They are criminals before history who exalted these invaders as the liberators of the people of Kashmir. They violated and abducted women. They massacred children. They looted everything and everyone.

They even dishonoured the Holy Qurran and converted Mosques to brothels and to-day every Kashmiri loathes the invading tribesmen and their arch inspirers who have been responsible for such horrors in a land which is peopled with the overwhelming majority of Mussalmans.

In the name of the people of Kashmir, I invite observers from all countries, especially Islamic countries to come and see for themselves what the invaders have done to destroy the home of these very Mussalmans for whose deliverance they pretended they were coming in the name of Islam as "Friends from Pakistan".

APPEAL FOR RELIEF FUND.

Their loot-laden retreating hands have left destitution and want behind. Winter with all its sevedity is fast coming. The needs of our people for rehabilitation are most urgent. Our resources are limited. I appeal to all lovers of Kashmir all the world over and the sons of Kashmir in whichever part of the world they may be to-day to pool their best and contribute towards our relief and rebuilding. The donations may please be sent to me direct. They will be administered centrally and to all who are in need without sectarian preferences. The misery of the people like their prosperity is indivisible. We shall rebuild the heaven of Kashmir over again and soon enough with the goodwill and friendship of the friends of culture and civilization all over the world.

TROOPS UNLOAD WHEAT FLOUR

City Dock Strike Continues; Talks To Bring About Settlement

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Satisfactory progress was made by the Conference between the Dock Workers' Union and the Regional Labour Commissioner of the Government of India which met to-day to bring about an early end of the 7,000 Port Trust workers strike which has paralysed the City docks completely. The talks will continue to-morrow.

The conference which was held at the residence of Mr. D. G. Jadhav, Regional Labour Commissioner, was attended by Mr. S. C. Joshi, Chief Labour Commissioner of the Government of India and Mr. Batuk Mehta, Labour Welfare Officer of the Bombay Port Trust. The Dock workers' were represented by Mr. G. H. Kale Vice-President of the Bombay Dock Workers' Union, Mr. De Mello Secretary, and Mr. Marathe Organising Secretary of the Union.

"TOLLIWALA" SYSTEM TO GO?

It is understood the Union officials putforward the workers' terms for a compromise which were carried by Mr. Mehta to the Mr. V. S. Bhide, Chairman of the Port Trust. It is learnt that the Union has demanded immediate discontinuation of the "Tolliwalla" system. The Port Trust authorities who were prepared to stop the system by the end of 1948, it is understood might agree to discontinue it at an earlier date. It is likely that the Union might accept a "via media" formula.

Another delicate point discussed was 'interim' arrangement after the cessation of the "Tolliwalla" system. It is learnt that no final agreement was arrived at during to-day's talks which went on for six hours and this matter will be discussed to-morrow. It is learnt that the meeting also discussed the question of long-term arrangement regarding wages and working conditions of dock workers. It is learnt that the Conference would appoint some machinery to look into this question.

FOREIGN SAILORS HELP.

It is reported that the City Dock strike has created a stir among the foreign sailors now in the harbour. Yesterday a Canadian sailor collected Rs. 130 and donated it to the striking workers. To-day it is reported that some of the enthusiastic sailors went round the 30 foreign ships berthed in the harbour to enlist sympathy for the strikers. It is said that they have promised the Union their willingness to "do their best" if the Port Trust authorities attempted to hire 'black legs'.

The strike has completely paralysed the dock rendering idle about 24,000 workers. To-day 300 military troops unloaded nearly 40 tons of wheat flour in Shade No. 5 of the Alexandera Docks.

A workers' meeting held this evening at Carnac Bunder under the presidentship of Dr. M. R. Shetty, President of the Union, decided to continue the strike till an honourable settlement was arrived at. The meeting condemned the Police for assaulting Mr. Patel and Mr. S. Bua, Union workers, yesterday.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

PESHAWAR, Nov. 15.

Khan Obeidullah Khan, son of Dr. Khan Saheb, former Frontier Premier was arrested at Peshawar on Friday afternoon. The arrest, it is believed, was made under Section 451/148 I.P.C. —U.P.I

* * *

In the A.I.C.C. Mahatma Gandhi is reported to have decisively opposed the continuation of communal organisations because of their "dangerous creed and practice."

Our sympathies go particularly to Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy.

* * *

Lord Beaverbrook's London "Daily Express" quotes the Conservative M.P., Air Commodore A. V. Harvey, as saying that Lord Mountbatten should remain in England because he cannot be acquitted for sharing with Mr. Attlee responsibility for current Indian troubles.

We needn't recall who and what Air Commodore Harvey is and what he said in the Commons on behalf of Mr. Jinnah.

* * *

Says a London report: "World-wide Communist support for the Nehru Government was assured by the principal speaker, R. Palme Dutt, at the India League meeting held in honour of Pandit Nehru's birthday."

Advocate Air Commodore Harvey's speech in Parliament is fully vindicated.

* * *

According to Saturday's communique, mopping up continued in the Kashmir Valley.

And moping up across the Valley.

* * *

Discussing in the U. N. Political Committee the Indo-South African dispute, the Egyptian delegate, Heykal Pasha said: "The (South African) Union has no more right to permit racial discrimination than any free State today has the right to maintain slavery or tolerate narcotics traffic under the pretext that it is a matter within domestic jurisdiction."

The Egyptian delegate's outlook is clearly coloured.

* * *

The Mexican delegate's outlook was, on the other hand, not. That gentleman had no difficulty in seeing clearly that the Indian resolution was wrong in expressing the General Assembly's "regret" at S. Africa's refusal to implement last year's resolution.

He evidently would prefer "regret" from the U. N. with an assurance that South Africa did right in ignoring its instructions.

* * *

The Mexican further criticised India by saying that trade embargoes and other unilateral sanctions were understrable, especially when the Assembly was considering matters.

Racial embargoes and consequential unilateral sanctions are, of course, not.

C.P. MUSLIMS STAND BY AZAD

Efforts Of Suhrawardy Likely To Damage Community's Cause

AMRAOTI, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): The C. P and Berar Nationalist Muslim's Conference which met here yesterday called upon the Muslims of the Province to join the Congress in large numbers.

The Conference was presided over by Mr. Daulat Khan.

The Conference unanimously passed a resolution declaring that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad alone enjoyed their confidence and that he alone could lead the Muslims of India.

NO TRUCK WITH SUHRAWARDY.

The resolution added that the efforts of Mr. Suhrawardy were likely to damage the cause of Indian Muslims" and called upon the Muslims of the Province to join the Congress in large numbers.

The conference congratulated the Indian Government on their decision regarding Berar.

Regarding Kashmir, the Conference condemned "the wanton raid on peaceful citizens". The right course of determining the question of accession, the conference said was by plebescite as proposed by the Indian Government.

Referring to Hyderabad the Conference declared that as politically and geographically Hyderabad is akin to India alone and the interests of the Asafia Dynasty are also safe in the hands of the Indian Government", we appeal to H.E.H. the Nizam to accede to the Indian Union.

LABOUR COLLEGE: "Labour College sponsored by the Bombay Socialist Party will reopen on 1st December '47. Fresh admissions to Elementary Course English and Marathi and admissions to Intermediate Course (English) will be made on all week days from 6-30 to 7-30 p.m. from 20th Nov. at Podar College Matunga.

The Elementary Course consists of about 80 lectures on Trade Union History, Theory and Practice, History of Socialist Thought, Elements of Economics, Social Security, Co-operation, Wage Theories and Problems and current topics such as Housing, Food etc. The Intermediate consists of about 70 lectures on Elements of Sociology, Psychology, Statistics, Structure of Indian Economy.

Lectures will be delivered by distinguished professors and experienced Trade Union Leaders. English Classes will meet on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 6-30 p.m. to 8 p.m. and Marathi Classes on all days except Sundays from 6-15 to 8-30 p.m. Further particulars can be had from Hon. Secretary, C/o Podar College Matunga."

CARIAPPA VISITS KASHMIR

Talks With Sheikh Abdullah And Dewan

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (A.P.I.): After his return to India from the United Kingdom on Nov. 14 Major General K. M. Cariappa, Chief of the General Staff, Indian Army, visited Srinagar and Jammu today and returned Delhi this evening.

At Srinagar Major Gen. Cariappa held discussions with Sheikh Abdullah, head of the Interim Government of Kashmir and Bakshi Ghulam Mohammad, a member of the Kashmir Cabinet, later in the afternoon, with Sheikh Abdullah and Maj. General Kalwant Singh, he flew to Jammu and held further discussions with the Kashmir Dewan Mr. Meherchand Mahajan.

Mopping up operations and patrol activity by Indian Army troops continue in the Baramula-Uri sector, says a press 'communique' issued by the Minister of Defence.

The situation of the State forces garrisons surrounded by raiders in the Punch-Mirpur areas remains unchanged.

Air cover for our troops engaged in mopping up operations was provided by aircraft of the Royal Indian Air Force. Our planes also carried out reconnaissance over areas south of Punch.

STATES MINISTRY REFUSES TO RECOGNISE EASTERN UNION

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16 (API): The States Ministry of the Government of India is stated to have informed the Eastern States Union that they do not recognise the Union and, therefore, asked the Union to disband the Eastern States Joint Police Force immediately, it is reliably learnt here.

Decontrol Without Detriment To Public Good

Congress Working Committee's Draft Resolutions For A. I. C. C.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16 (API).—The Congress Working Committee released three more draft resolutions to be placed before the A.I.C.C.

The first resolution sought to appoint a Committee with a view to drawing up an economic programme for the Congress "to evolve a political system which will combine efficiency of administration with individual liberty, and an economic structure which will yield maximum production without the creation of private monopolies and the concentration of wealth and which will create a proper balance between urban and rural economies."

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL

Following is the text of the draft resolution: Political independence having been achieved, the Congress must address itself to the next great task, namely, the establishment of real democracy in the country and a society based on social justice and equality. Such a society must provide every man and woman with equality of opportunity and freedom to work for the unfettered development of his or her personality. This can only be realised when democracy extends from political to the social and the economic spheres.

Democracy in the modern age necessitates planned central direction as well as decentralisation of political and economic power, insofar as this is compatible with the safety of the State, with efficient production and the cultural progress of the community as a whole.

The smallest territorial unit should be able to exercise effective control over its corporate life by means of a popularly elected Panchayat. Insofar as it is possible, national and regional economic self-sufficiency in the essentials of life should be aimed at.

In the case of industries, which in their nature must be run on a large-scale and on centralized basis, they should belong to the community, and they should be so organized that workers become not only co-sharers in the profits but are also increasingly associated with the management and administration of the industry.

LAND MUST BELONG TO COMMUNITY

Land, with its mineral resources, and all other means of production as well as distribution and exchange must belong to and be regulated by the community in its own interest.

Our aim should be to evolve a political system which will combine efficiency of administration with individual liberty and an economic structure which will yield maximum production without the creation of private monopolies and the concentration of wealth and which will create a proper balance between urban and rural economies.

Such a social structure can provide an alternative to the acquisitive economy of private capitalism and the regimentation of a totalitarian State.

With a view to drawing up the economic programme for the Congress in accordance with the above-mentioned principles and the Election Manifesto of the Congress dated Dec. 19, 1945, the following Committee is appointed: (Committee to be appointed by the A.I.C.C. at its session tomorrow).

DECONTROL WITHOUT TEARS

The second resolution which related to controls, urged the Central and Provincial Governments to give urgent consideration to the problem of decontrol as early as possible, "without detriment to the public good."

The resolution read: The A.I.C.C. has been alarmed at the disturbance of normal life by the various controls, specially in regard to foodstuffs and clothing. These have promoted black-marketing, hoarding, corruption and other evils. They have interfered with the process of self-reliance and arrested the incentive to production specially in the matter of growing more foodstuffs and the manufacture of hand-spun and hand-woven Khadi in the thousands of villages of India. The Committee is, therefore, of opinion that the Central and Provincial Government should give urgent consideration to the problem of decontrol as early as possible "without detriment to the public good."

REVISE CONGRESS CONSTITUTION

The Working Committee, by another resolution, recommended to the A.I.C.C. to appoint a Committee to revise the present Congress Constitution, including the objectives as contained in Article I. The resolution says that as the goal of complete independence from foreign domination has been achieved and in view of the new role the Congress organisation will have to play under the changed circumstances, the Constitution of the Congress requires to be revised and a Committee is to be appointed for the purpose.

THREAT OF ARAB WAR

Possibility Of Large-Scale Military Operations Not Serious

LONDON, Nov. 16 (Reuter).—The threat of an Arab war to prevent the establishment of a Jewish State in Palestine is today considered here to be a more serious factor than it would have been a few years ago. But how serious?

Azzam Pasha's Arab League claims that it can put 230 thousand men into the field. But even if it could—and this is doubted in military quarters here—these soldiers would not be modernly equipped. The biggest army today in the Arab world is that of Egypt; but even its claim to 100 thousand men is not taken seriously.

Every time Egypt tries to increase her armed strength, she is frustrated by the tell-tale but well-known fact that the majority of those called up are rejected as physically unfit.

If, therefore, one thinks of war in the sense of largecale military operations by an alliance of Arab States, it is not serious. For not only is the army not there, but the job of flag-carrier is still in dispute.

TUSSLE FOR LEADERSHIP

The aspirants to present day Arab leadership are many. They include King Farouq of Egypt, who, although not an Arab, is sovereign head of the most important of the Arab-speaking countries; Ibn Saud, King of Saudi Arabia, whose Arab Kingdom covers almost all of Arabia; and King Abdullah of Transjordan, who visualises an Arab bloc of the northern countries to incorporate the Lebanon, Palestine and Transjordan.

Nevertheless, since September 19, when the first report of warlike preparations by the Arabs reached the outside world, despatches, official and unofficial, have been pouring out in a never-ending stream. This initial report, though completely unconfirmed said that an Arab army of 50 thousand men was being trained near Syria's capital Damascus, less than 200 miles from Jerusalem "to save Palestine from the Zionists."

IRAQ'S NOTE

This was followed four days later by a Note from the Iraqi Government to the British and United States Embassies in Baghdad warning that, if the United Nations decided to partition Palestine, the Iraqi Government and nation would fight for the full independence and security of Palestine.

A welter of unconfirmed reports then began to reach Cairo that Egyptian and Syrian troops are already marching to the frontiers bordering Palestine battle plans for a six-nation Arab army of 200 thousand men are being drawn up and the Arabs have recruited an "international brigade" of 10 thousand men for service in the holy land "in the event of hostilities."

DEFENCE AGAINST AGGRESSION

Meanwhile, Islamic Federation and the formation of an Eastern Bloc consisting of the Arab States, Persia, Turkey Afghanistan and Pakistan to defend Arab interests continue to be the two main subjects being discussed in Iraq. Consensus of opinion in political quarters there is that the establishment of one or the other would assist Near and Middle Eastern countries to stand firm against any aggressive move from any quarters—great or small.

In other words, even if no warlike preparations are in fact going on, war itself continues to be talked about.

LATE MR. NAUTTAMLAL NANAVATY

(From A Correspondent)

JUNAGADH (By Mail)

Death occurred on Tuesday last of Mr. Nauttamlal G. Nanavaty, Pensioner Junagadh State at the age of 67 at Vanavat. The deceased retired as the Assount and Treasury Officer of the Govt. of Junagadh.

Pakistan's Plea For UNO Intervention In Kashmir

(Continued from Page 1)

interfere in any way. Junagadh was the first State to accede to Pakistan and at once the India Government started on a campaign of vilification, threats and economic blockade. When these weapons did not succeed in intimidating the Junagadh State, a "Provisional Government", Junagadh, was set upon Indian soil and its first act was to occupy the Junagadh State property in Rajkot which is the seat of India Government's Regional Commissioner. By infiltration tactics and other aggressive means the "Provisional Government" proceeded to violate the territory of Junagadh with the help of troops many of whom were drawn from the Indian Army. Conditions were created in which it became impossible for the Junagadh administration to function. Finally on the alleged request of the Dewan, the administration was taken over and Junagadh was occupied by the armed forces of India.

The indisputable legal position is that in view of the State's accession to Pakistan the Dewan had no right to proffer and the India Government had no right to accept the so-called invitation to the India Government to take over the administration of the State.

In spite of the gravest provocation we have refrained from any action which should result in armed conflict. We could, with full justification and legal right, have sent our forces to Junagadh but at no time since the accession of the State was a single soldier sent by us to Junagadh and our advice throughout to the State authorities was to exercise the greatest restraint. Manavadar, another State, which had acceded to Pakistan and Mangrol and Babariawad have also been occupied by India troops.

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT URGED

In the Kashmir dispute too we have repeatedly urged a peaceful settlement by negotiation. The Muslims of Jammu and Kashmir have suffered grievously under the Maharaja's Government. Thousands have been killed. Muslim women have been abducted in large numbers and over a 100,000 Muslims have been driven out of their homes into Pakistan in a cruel and inhuman manner.

This destruction of Muslim life, honour and property is still continuing by armed mobs with the help of the State and Indian Union forces with the set purpose of eliminating the Muslim population from the State: and thousands of refugees are pouring into Pakistan. Dogra troops and gangsters from the State have made numerous incursions into our territory in West Punjab. We made repeated attempts to persuade the Kashmir Government to discuss these questions with us but they were determined to join the Union of India against the will of the people of Kashmir by a coup d'etat. The India Government, in direct and clear repudiation of the principles on which they had questioned the accession of Junagadh to Pakistan and without any reference to or consultation with the Pakistan Dominion whose security vitally affected by events in Kashmir occupied Kashmir by military force and have since the very first day of their entry into Kashmir, been engaged in putting down the Muslims there by force.

Pakistan territory itself has been twice violated by the Indian forces. Bombs have been dropped in our territory in the vicinity of Kohala bridge and our police post at Ghari Habibullah in the Hazara District has been machine-gunned by the Indian Air Force.

JINNAH'S PROPOSALS

Immediately after the unwarranted occupation of Kashmir by the India Government a conference between the two Governors-General and the Prime Minister of the two Dominions and the Maharaja and his Prime Minister was arranged at the instance of the Quaid-i-Azam on the 29th October. At the last minute this conference was postponed as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru fell ill. Another conference was then arranged for the first November, but this also did not take place because Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru could not attend it. On the first November the Quaid-i-Azam met Lord Mountbatten and put forward the following proposals for the consideration of the Government of India.

Firstly, to put an immediate stop to fighting, the two Governors-General should be authorised by their respective Governments to issue a proclamation forthwith giving 48 hours notice to the opposing forces to cease fire. We made it clear that we had no control over the forces of the Provisional Government of Kashmir or the tribesmen engaged in fighting, but we were prepared to warn them in the clearest terms that if they did not obey the order to cease fire immediately, the forces of both Dominions would make war on them. Secondly, both the forces of the India Dominion and the tribesmen should withdraw simultaneously and with the utmost expedition from the State territory. Thirdly, the two Governors-General should be vested with full powers by the two Dominion Governments to restore peace, undertake the administration of Jammu and Kasshmir State and arrange for plebiscite without delay under their joint control and supervision.

These were eminently reasonable proposals. We made them at the risk of incurring the hostility of the frontier tribes whose feelings had been intensely aroused over the atrocities committed on their brethren in Kashmir.

INDIA GOVT.'S REPLY

The day after these proposals reached the India Government, the Prime Minister of India instead of sending a reply officially gave a vague and evasive idea of his solution of the Kashmir question in a broadcast, merely harping on the slogan of plebiscite but disregarding everything else. After waiting for some days I sent a reminder. The India Government's official reply showed that they were not prepared to accept any of our suggestions. On the contrary it was categorically stated that they would first drive out all the socalled raiders by force of arms. And as a recent telegram showed they are not even prepared to have a discussion until this has been done.

We have made repeated efforts to have a conference with the India Dominion to bring about a peaceful settlement but on one pretext or another the India Government with the might of military power behind them have flouted the idea. The attitude of the India Government indicates that they are determined to force a military decision on Kashmir and to reduce the plebiscite to a farce by eliminating Muslim population by the cruel methods which are now in operation. Indeed it now seems extremely doubtful if there will be any attempt at all to ascertain the wishes of the people of Kashmir. Speaking to pressmen at Srinagar on November 10 during Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's visit to that place, Sheikh Abdullah is reported to have observed that there may not be a referendum at all. While this quisling, who has been an agent of the Congress for many years struts about the State bartering away the life, honour and freedom of his people for the sake of personal profit and power, the true leaders of the Muslims of Kashmir are rotting in jail. His statement reveals an uneasy realisation that despite all the repression, the verdict of the people of Kashmir will go in favour of accession to Pakistan.

LET U.N.O. DECIDE

There is not the slightest doubt that the whole plot of the accession of Kashmir to India was pre-planned. It cannot be justified on any constitutional or moral grounds. It is quite clear now that what the India Government are after is permanent occupation of Kashmir. They can maintain this unjust occupation only by liquidating the Muslim population of Jammu and Kashmir who are now suffering military repression in its worst form and who are struggling for their freedom and indeed for their very existence against heavy odds. The India Government's whole conduct is based on "might is right" and on the belief that Pakistan is unable to fight them. If the India Government is allowed to follow its imperialist land-grabbing policy, this will have repercussions not only in Asia but throughout the world.

The fundamental principle of the Charter of the United Nations is to prevent might prevailing over right. The whole disputes should therefore, be brought before the bar of international opinion. We are ready to request the U.N.O. immediately to appoint its representatives in Jammu and Kashmir State in order to put a stop to fighting and to the repression of Muslims in the state, to arrange the programme of withdrawal of outside forces, set up an impartial administration of the State till a plebiscite is held and to undertake the plebiscite under its direction and control for the purpose of ascertaining the free and unfettered will of the people of the State on the question of accession. We are prepared to accept a similar solution of the dispute regarding Manavadar and Junagadh.

NO PUBLICATION OF COMMUNAL MATTER

Bombay Govt. Serves Orders On Some Urdu Papers; Imposition Of Collective Fine

As it has been noticed that the newspapers "Inqilab-e-Jadid" (Urdu daily), "Hindustan" (Urdu daily) and "Millat" (Hindi-Marathi Weekly), of Bombay, have for some time been publishing news and articles harmful to India and Indian States in their relationship with each other and with Pakistan and which are prejudicial to the interests and security of the Indian Union, the Government of Bombay has issued orders under Section 2 (1) (c) of the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, 1947, directing the editors and publishers of the three papers and the keepers of the presses at which they are printed, not to print or publish for a period of one month any matter bearing on the communal situation or on any communal question or on questions concerning relations between India and Pakistan or between any Indian State and India or Pakistan or between Indian States.

A collective fine of Rs. 1,000 has been imposed on the inhabitants of the Shirin Chambers, Modi Street, Fort, Palton Road, in connection with a recent incident.

MANIPUR DEPUTATION TO LONDON

Plea For Inclusion Of Kabaw Valley In State Territory

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16 (A.P.I.): A deputation on behalf of the Manipur State, which has joined the Indian Union, will leave for London by the third week of December to press the view of the State authorities for the inclusion of the Kabaw Valley area in the Manipur State territory. The area, approximately 7,000 square miles bordering on the east of Manipur State, represents parts of the upper Chindwin District of Burma, together with village tracts which were included in the former Tamu township of Mowlaik sub-division.

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For breach of Cotton Cloth Yarn Control Order, 1945. The Shalini Mills Ltd., Bombay and their Director Moreshwar Keshav Puranik were convicted and sentenced to pay fines of Rs. 1,000/- and Rs. 600/- respectively—the latter to undergo, in default, three months' simple imprisonment.

For Elizabeth's Wedding

Biggest Gathering Of Foreign Royalty In London

LONDON, Nov. 15 (Reuter): Kings Queens and Princes from seven European countries—the biggest gathering of foreign Royalty since the war—were arriving in London this weekend for the wedding of Britain's Princess Elizabeth to Lieutenant Philip Mountbatten on Thursday.

King Michael of Rumania, piloting his own plane arrived from Switzerland today with his mother Queen Helen and aunt, the Duchess of Aosta.

King Frederik and Queen Ingrid of Denmark will arrive to-morrow to stay at Buckingham Palace where King Haakon of Norway who lands at Newcastle on Monday from Bergen will also be a quest.

Also arriving today from Paris were ex-King Peter and Queen Alexandra of Yugoslavia who will stay at Claridge's Hotel—one of the Savoy Group of luxury hotels affected by a ten-day-old strike of hotel workers.

Princess Juliana and Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands arrive tomorrow to stay with the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester.

Queen Frederika of Greece, due in London tomorrow, will stay at Buckingham Palace.

Fifteen more Royal guests invited for the wedding will arrive either this weekend or early next week.

Nine feet high and 500 pounds in weight, Princess Elizabeth's four tiered wedding cake is packed with Empire fruit and covered with rich white icing.

WHY NILGIRI WAS HANDED OVER TO INDIAN UNION?

BALASORE, Nov. 15. (A.P.I.): The reasons for handing over the administration of Nilgiri State to the Indian Dominion Government have been explained in a proclamation to his people by the Ruler of the State, made soon after the District Magistrate of Balasore took charge of the administration yesterday.

The Ruler said that the position of Law and Order in the State had been most unsatisfactory during the past few weeks and "I have had on more than one occasion to confess my inability with the small forces at my disposal to stamp out lawlessness, bring the offenders to book and restore order in my State. On the advice of my brother rulers I attempted to form a Responsible Ministry and hand over to them control of State affairs, but my efforts proved abortive and negotiations for the formation of a Ministry have broken down".

In these circumstances, the ruler continued, he was grateful to the Dominion Government for coming to his assistance.

LOCAL POLICE SURENDER ARMS.

When the District Magistrate took over charge of the administration, the Nilgiri police and the police of the Eastern State Union, a joint police force, surrendered their arms and the Treasury was handed over to the Orissa officials. The Orissa Military Police who, accompanied the District Magistrate, have established their headquarters in the State and three sections of them have gone out to the interior in search of the ringleaders of the present lawlessness.

Mr. Nabakrishna Chaudhury, Revenue Minister, Mr. N. Senapathi, Revenue Commisioner, Orissa Government, and Mr. Sarangdhar Das, President, People's Regional Council of Orissa and C. P. States, arrived in the evening and held a conference with officials and non-officials.

NILGIRI RULER IN CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): The Ruler of Nilgiri State, whose administration has been taken over by the Indian Dominion Government, has arrived in Calcutta. The ruler said that his visit was in connection with a meeting of Rulers of the Eastern States Agency.

Orissa Govt. Explains

CUTTACK, Nov. 16. (UPI): A Press Communique issued by the Orissa Government with a view to taking the public into confidence in regard to the developments in Nilgiri which culminated in taking over the administration of the State reveals that "the Dominion Government has authorised the Provincial Government by a telegram on November 8 to depute the District Officer of Balasore with adequate force to take over the administration of the State but the action was stayed in the hope that the affairs of the satisfactorily settled and the points issued would be solved between the contending parties.

It was only when this hope was gone that the Provincial Government took action seven days after receipt of instructions of the Dominion Government.

MYSORE CONGRESSMEN CONFER

CHITALDRUG, Nov. 15 (A.P.I.): The first special session of the All-Mysore State Congress Committee after the attainment of Responsible Government in Mysore began at Chitaldrug, a historic town in Mysore, this afternoon to ratify the agreement arrived at between the State Congress and the Mysore Government.

Mr. K. C. Reddy, President of the State Congress and Chief Minister, presided. Besides five other Congress Ministers in the Cabinet, Mr. Mohammed Sheriff, Minister for Health and the former President of the Mysore State Muslim League, and Mr. D. H. Chandrasekariah, Minister of Education, attended the session by special invitation.

Mr. K. C. Reddy addressing the conference said that Mysore's victory in getting Responsible Government had given a fillip to the movements in other States in India.

MINISTER L. M. PATIL TO OPEN.

The Bombay Province is going to have about 90 centres for the sale of Nira and its products. The first of these will be located at Bordi in the Thana District and the Excise Minister, Mr. L. M. Patil, will inaugurate it at 6 p.m. on Wednesday next (November 19).

SENSELESS BLOOD-BATH

Gandhiji On India's Present Happenings

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): Under the caption "two American friends' consolation" Mahatma Gandhi writes in to-day's Harijan:—

Of the many letters that come to me from American friends whom I do not know, the following extracts from two such friends are worth quoting:—

"Your real distress due to the unhappy situation in your country demands that I intrude upon your contemplations of the painful events now taking place in India, to remind you that your beautiful words have taken root in all the corners of the earth.

"That you should feel a degree of disillusionment because of these sad happenings is natural. That that disillusionment should be measured and certainly not turn into discouragement is the purpose of my letters.

"I plead with you to give consideration to the countless numbers of people in all countries on earth, of all classes, races and creeds, who are now also praying for peace. These people, whose hopes you have so well expressed and who took fresh courage from these victories which you did achieve with the science of peace, must now join me in the prayer that the master bless you and preserve you to continue your noble work, so much of which is still to be done".

PASSIVE RESISTANCE OF WEAK.

What they say may prove true and that the senseless blood—bath through which India is still passing, through the original fury seems to have abated, may be nothing unusual as history goes. What India is passing through must be regarded as unusual. If we grant that such liberty as India has gained was a tribute to non-violence as I have repeatedly said, non-violence of India's struggle was only in name; in reality it was passive resistance of the weak. The truth of the statement we see demonstrated by the happenings in India.

RY. COMPARTMENTS FOR MUSLIMS

Matter Of Shame, Says Gandhiji Hindus Advised To Afford Protection

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): Under the caption "Notes" and the heading "for Muslims only" Mahatma Gandhi writes in to-day's Harijan:—

A correspondent draws attention to the fact that whereas I have condemned the use at railway stations of different pots of water for Muslims and Hindus, now there are compartments reserved for Muslims only and non-Muslims or Hindus. I do not know how the evil has spread but I do know that this distinction is a matter of great shame for the Hindus and the Sikhs. I suppose it became necessary for the Railway Administration to make the distinction for the simple protection of Muslim life. It is any day possible (the sooner the better) to stop the practice by the Hindus and the Sikhs making up their minds never to dispose of Muslim fellow passengers, as if they were chattels and to assure the Railway Administration that the offence will never be repeated. This can happen when there is an open confession of sin and return to sanity. This I say, irrespective of what was happened or may still happen in Pakistan.

Lausman Elected Chairman Of Social Democratic Party

PRAGUE, Nov. 16. (UPA): Bohumil Lausman, Czech Minister of Industry and leader of the right wing faction was today elected Chairman of the Czech Democratic Party. He defeated Deputy Prime Minister Xdenek Fierlinger by 283 to 182 votes at the praty's annual congress.

Fierlinger was the wartime ambassador to Moscow from the Czech Government in exile and has been the leader of the Social Democratic elements pressing for close co-operation with the Communists.

SURPRISE RAID ON S.A.C. STORES

Sets Of Wireless Transmitters & Receivers Seized

JUBBULPORE, NOV. 15 (API).—THE CENTRAL PROVINCES C.I.D. CARRIED OUT A SURPRISE RAID OF THE STORES OF THE SPECIAL ARMED CONSTABULARY AT JUBBULPORE, TONIGHT, AND SEIZED FOUR SETS OF UNAUTHORISED WIRELESS TRANSMITTERS AND RECEIVERS. THE TRANSMITTERS WHICH WERE OF A POWERFUL TYUE WERE FOUND TO BE IN PERFECT WORKING ORDER.

It is stated that for the past few weeks the C.P. police have been busy tracking the source of certain messages which were being transmitted by unknown persons from secret wireless transmitters.

Headed by two Deputy Inspectors-General of Police and a Magistrate, the police last night made a sudden swoop on the stores, and besides seizing the sets, are reported to have arrested a man in the act of sending messages to a destination outside the Indian Union.

Major Harvey's Arrest Recalled

Our Jubbulpore Correspondent adds: "It is gathered the Special Armed Constabulary Stores were under the charge of Major M. G. Hooper (British Military Officer) whose services were lent to the Special Armed Constabulary for establishing wireless grid in the province). Mr. Hooper was arrested in Bombay in the last week of September. Before embarkation, under a warrant issued from Jubbulpore. He (Mr. Hooper) later was handed over to the Military for court-martial on the alleged charge of being in possession of unauthorised arms and ammunition. Mr. Hooper's luggage was searched both in the ship and the landing port in England, but no wireless sets or materials were found. Undeterred by their first unfruitful effort, the police continued their hunt and, ultimately, succeeded in bagging unauthorised transmitters and a huge quantity of wireless accessories. One Muslim, it is reported, was caught red-handed while transmitting information to Pakistan.

NEW LAWS PROPOSED FOR ITALY'S DEFENCE

Strength Of Carabinieri Increased As Interim Measure

ROME, Nov. 16. (Reuter): New laws for the "defence of the Italian Republic against threats from any source" and 'repression of Fascist or Neo Fascist movements' were urged today by the Italian Minister of Interior, Mario Scelba as nation-wide rioting and disorders were reported to be dying down.

Sceiba called on the Italian Cabinet to lay a Bill before the Constituent Assembly for immediate consideration.

He was understood to have told the Cabinet yesterday that demonstrations which have swept the country during the past few days were caused by false reports in some cases from radio stations.

As an interim measure the strength of the Carabinieri had been increased from 65,000 to 70,000 he said.

BOMB BURSTS IN "RED" H.Q.

A Bomb exploded yesterday in the Communist headquarters at Perugia, Central Italy, where Mussolini began his march on Rome in 1922.

The explosion caused no casualties. Demonstrators later climbed the roof of the city hall and rang bells to summon supporters from other districts.

The reinforced crowd then wrecked the offices of the Right-wing Party's Uomo Qualunque, the Italian Social Movement, the Monarchists and the Liberals.

A one day transport strike ended yesterday night. The Labour Office announced that the strike had been a mistake, due to false reports that a meeting of war veterans repatriated from Russia had a Fascist background.

WAR AGAINST INFLATION

President Truman's Four-Point Drive; Emergency Aid For Europe's Recovery

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (Reuter).—President Truman will deliver a message to the special session of Congress opening tomorrow endorsing in principle the long-range Marshall Plan for European Recovery and asking Congress to provide an interim sum of 597 million dollars for immediate emergency relief to enable France, Italy and Austria to survive the winter, writes Paul Scott Rankine, Reuter's special correspondent.

He will also put before Congress his long-awaited anti-inflation programme to prevent a rising price spiral in the United States and to protect American economy from the dangerous effects of sending vast shipments of goods overseas.

The general outlines of the Administration's programme for the stop-gap aid, and for the complete Marshall plan, have been indicated in numerous reports by the President's Advisory Committee.

Main interest here, therefore, centres on the plan to keep down prices. This has not yet been disclosed, but it is expected in well-informed circles to include the following proposals:

(1) Control at the source by the Government of the distribution of scarce commodities required in the foreign aid programme such as steel, nitrogen fertiliser and possibly wheat.

(2) Restriction of credits and restoration of controls over the instalment system of buying.

(3) Increased controls designed to prevent speculation in basic commodities, such as wheat, required for the foreign aid programme.

(4) Extension of export control.

President Truman is expected to express strongly his opposition to any reduction of taxes on the grounds that this would be an inflationary measure and that the European aid programme should be paid for out of taxes.

FRENCH FRANC AND SAAR MARK

PARIS, Nov. 16. (Reuter): The rate of exchange at which Saar Marks will be converted into French Francs was pegged at 20 Francs to the Mark by an announcement in this morning's "Journal Officiel". A Bill empowering the Government to replace the Saar Mark by the Franc was passed by the French Assembly on Friday.

The date when Francs will become legal there will be fixed by a joint decree of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs, Economic Affairs, Public Works and Reconstruction, and until that date German currency will be legal.

Deposits in banks, savings accounts and credit co-operatives in the names of persons resident in the Saar, and any other person designated by joint decrees of the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Finance, will be convertible, but 40 per cent of the fraction of such deposits over 8,000 Francs will be blocked.

Corporations and industrial and commercial enterprises legally entered in the Registry of Commerce will be exempt from this provision. The conditions under which accounts will be freed, and the time period over which "unblocking" will be affected, will be fixed by the joint decrees of the Ministries of Foreign Affairs, Economic Affairs, Finance, Public Works and Reconstruction.

D. F. KARAKA:

Off My Chest

Perhaps the most important meeting of the A.I.C.C. is the one being held at Delhi at the present moment. It is the first meeting of the largest political party in India after the assumption of office of our first National Government.

For the first time, the issue of British domination or of Indian independence has not overshadowed the meeting. We have had for the first time a Congress Committee meeting not as a national party but as a purely political body.

The resignation of Mr. Kripalani, the Congress President, on the ground that there is not sufficient co-operation between members of the Government and members of the Congress Working Committee, is a welcome resignation. It makes the identity of the National Government separate from that of the political party.

This is, perhaps, the best speech that Mr. Kripalani has delivered in the whole of his political career. Yet, oddly, it contradicts much of what he has said in the past. For instance, he says, "personally, I feel that the indefinite continuance of the Congress party in Pakistan and the Muslim League party in India is illogical, inconsistent and fraught with complexities". Only a few weeks ago, when the Congress President was in Bombay, in answer to a question, he said that there was no place in the secular State of India for communal organisations like the Muslim League but that the Congress could continue to operate in Pakistan.

Mr. Kripalani amazes me when he says, "the unfortunate fact remains that red tapism, jobbery, corruption, bribery, black-marketting and profiteering are as rampant today as they were in the days of the British.... The common man is as much the victim of injustice and exploitation today as he was before the national flag was hoisted over the Secretariat".

The amazing part of it, is that Mr. Kripalani makes out that these black-marketeers and profiteers have more to do with the National Government than with the Congress organisation. I think that if Pandit Nehru speaks out, he will reveal that it takes all the time of the National Government to keep a watchful eye on the morals of prominent Congressmen in the provinces and at the Centre.

Mr. Kripalani, to my mind, must have caused a sensation when he asked whether associations "brought into being by the resolutions of the Congress, merely to appease the fads of Gandhiji which we accept as the price of his leadership", should be continued.

The word "fads" was perhaps used for the first time in this column long before it had the honour to be included in the Congress President's speech.

We much watch the present AICC meeting very closely for it foreshadows, to my way of thinking, the break of the Congress party as it is constituted today and the creation of new groups, or possibly new parties around which the destinies of the country will be woven.

Illicit Opium Under 'Gosha' Covers

MADRAS, Nov. 16. (A.P.I.): Forty seers of opium valued at Rs. 35,000 and concealed by five Muslim women under 'gosha' covers, in several packets, were seized by the excise officials at the Madras Central Station. The women and two Muslims, who escorted them in the incoming Grand Trunk Express, have been arrested.

NIZAM'S MINISTER DEPLORES SARDAR PATEL'S JUNAGADH SPEECH

HYDERABAD, Nov. 15 (API).—Commenting on Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's speech at Junagadh on November 13, Nawab Moin Nawab Jung, Minister of Hyderabad Government and leader of the Hyderabad delegation to India in a statement today says: "It is surprising to me that Sardar Patel should have chosen the occasion of his speech at Junagadh the other day to refer to Hyderabad in a language so unlike the language usually employed by Ministers of a friendly Government. My surprise is deeper because it is not only unprovoked but it runs counter to the spirit of very sensible observation which the Sardar himself made a few days ago that utterances of responsible persons should be marked by restraint, especially when delicate negotiations are in progress.

"From the day Indian Independence Act was placed on the statute book Hyderabad time and again assured the Dominion of India that it is desirous of establishing friendliest relations with it. What from these relations may assure is presently the subject of negotiations. Every care is no doubt being taken by the parties to understand and approach each other's standpoint. But heated phraseology can never supply the argument in favour of the proposition.

"I have no wish to take up Sardar Patel's remarks one by one and show how unjustified they are. But I must observe that by giving such free vent to personal feelings, he by no means made a helpful contribution to an agreeable settlement of the issues between us. Recriminations are alien to the traditions of Hyderabad as their pursuit is never conducive to mutual respect or happy relations. Else, Hyderabad too can with valid justification offer a list of unkindnesses against which it has had so far to contend.

"I sincerely hope and trust that Sardar Patel will exercise introspection and realise that the need of the hour is to develop an attitude of goodwill towards Hyderabad and try to reach a settlement over which both parties may be equally happy."

Ahmed Saheb Says

KASHMIR HAS EXPOSED LEAGUE AIMS

CALICUT, Nov. 16 (API).—Mr. Ahmed Saheb, Secretary of the West Ernad Muslim Majlis, addressing a meeting at Kundotti, a Moplah centre, said: "The Muslim League leaders, who had all along been demanding the division of India, as a panacea for all political ailments of India, have now been shown their true colours. Recent events in Kashmir have shown that their real aim was to attack the Indian Union. But remember no power on earth can subjugate the Indian Union."

Mr. Ahmed Saheb added that the Nationalist Muslims of India would resist any foreign domination, sacrificing their all in the effort.

Mr. Ahmed Saheb appealed to his co-religionists to admit even at this late hour, their error in having brought about a division of the country and to enrol themselves in the Congress.

CUT OUT AND KEEP

REVISED RATION QUANTUM

Foodgrains ration quantum for each of the two weeks from November 16 to November 22 and November 23 to November 29, 1947 has been fixed as follows:

Total Cereal Ration Per Week	Per Adult (2 Food-grains Units)	Per Child (1 Food-grains Unit)	Per Heavy Manual Labourer's Supplementary Ration Card of one Unit.
Total Cereal Ration Per Week	3 1/8 seers	1 9/16 seers	1 seer
Maximum available in Rice (Any variety)	1/4 seer	1/8 seer	1/4 seer
Maximum available in Wheat*	2 seers	1 seer	1/4 seer
of which —			
(a) Maximum available in Wheatgrain	1 seer	1/2 seer	nil
(b) Maximum available in Wheatflour	2 seers	1 seer	1/4 seer
Maximum available in Milo†	3/4 seer	3/8 seer	1/2 seer
Maximum available in combination of Rice, Wheat, and Milo	2 7/8 seers	7/16 seers	—
Maximum available in Maize	1/2 seer	1/4 seer	nil

*One Bombay Seer of wheat is equivalent to 1 1/2 lbs. or 24 ozs. of wheat flour.

One seer of wheat ration is equivalent to one unit of bread.

One unit of bread is equivalent to 28 ozs. of bread

Bread Tickets are not issued against fractions of seers of wheat ration.

†If, however, at any time, Milo is not in stock in the Ration shops, ration card and permit holders can take Milo ration in Maize

LEAGUE CONSPIRACY AGAINST KASHMIR STATE?

Authentic Documents With Proper Seals Found, Says Premier Mahajan

SRINAGAR, Nov. 14 (API) The following statement has been issued by the Prime Minister, of Kashmir, Mr. Meher Chand Mahajan:—

"The Pakistan Radio and the responsible Ministers of Pakistan have been issuing broadcasts and statements to the effect that the present struggle in Jammu and Kashmir is a struggle of the people of the State against the aggression of the Dogra rulers.

His Highness and his Prime Minister are receiving countless telegrams from Muslim subjects of the State, declaring their unflinching loyalty to the person of His Highness and protesting against this aggression by outside persons into the State, engineered by the Pakistan Government. Not only more offers of loyalty are coming forth, but a large number of Muslim subjects have offered themselves for actually fighting the raiders, even apart from those who belong to the National Conference, under the leadership of Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah.

CONSPIRACY HATCHED BY LEAGUE

A proof positive of the fact that the present struggle in Kashmir has been instigated by the agents of the Muslim League and is being strongly helped by the Pakistan Government, has been discovered from POSSESSION OF CERTAIN MUSLIMS WHO UNDER THE PRETEXT OF 'SAFETY' DESIRED TO GO TEMPORARILY TO PAKISTAN. AS EARLY AS YEAR 1945 AND 1946 A CONSPIRACY SEEMS TO HAVE BEEN HATCHED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A MUSLIM STATE BY THE MUSLIM LEAGUE IN JAMMU AND KASHMIR. A number of these detailed plans for providing residences for the Muslim League leaders and for other activities in the State, when it comes under the domination of the Muslim League, have been discovered. These plans are authentic, bear proper seals and names, and details in them clearly show that a plot was hatched against His Highness and his Government by the Muslim League agents in London, and these plans were subsequently sent to India, and were found in possession of certain Muslim Government servants of the State.

"MASHA-ALLAH" RESIDENCE!

One of these was a design of a residence, named "Masha-Allah", apparently for the Qaid-e-Azam. It consists of six sheets. There is a coloured prospective design and a chart of C.S.J. calculations as well. The plan has been drawn by Haji Roshan Din of Bhopal, according to specifications given by Norman F. Kingham of Wellesy, Cheshire (England). This evidence conclusively proves that the designs of the Muslim League against Kashmir were hatched as early as year 1945 and the present act of aggression is the culminating point of these designs.

Let the world judge whether the State has acted fradulantly in adopting underhand methods for acceding to the Indian Dominion, or the Pakistan progenitors are clearly guilty of the conduct which they now seek to attribute to others.

INSPECTION OF PLANS INVITED

For the purpose of faciliating inspecting by those who may wish to satisfy themselves of the genuineness of the plans of "Masha-Allah" building, one set out of the three recovered has been forwarded to the State Department, New Delhi. Another set is available for the purpose in the office of the Governor, Jammu".

"INDEPENDENCE" OF EIGHT VILLAGES

Details About Reported Declaration

MADRAS, Nov. 15. (A.P.I.): Enquiries in official quarters in Madras to-day about the reported declaration of independence by eight villages belonging to the Nizam's Government situated in the Kistna District of the Madras Presidency, reveal that the Nizam's officials stationed in these villages had 'deserted' their posts and left those place some days ago.

During the recent tour of the Revenue Minister, Mr. Kala Venkatrao, of the Border Areas, some of the leading men of the villages met him and represented that the Nizam's officials had left the villages without making any administrative or police arrangements. They are reported to have requested the Minister that the Madras Government should take over the administration of the villages. The Minister is understood to have given them the assurance that the Madras Government would afford all safeguards to the people against goondas.

THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

The Governor-General recognises provisionally the appointment of Mons. El Hussaini El Khatib as Consul-General for Egypt at Bombay.

The Governor-General recognises provisionally the appointment of Mons. Mustafa Kamel as Consul for Egypt at Bombay.

Mr. Kantilal H. Vohra, officiating Dist. Deputy Collector, has been dismissed from Government service.

Dr. K. C. Gharpure, M.S. (Bom), F.R.C.S.E., is re-appointed Hon. Surgeon, Sassoon Hospitals, Poona, for a further period of three years from 1st Oct. 1947.

Dr. (Mrs.) J. M. DeSa Sousa, M.D. FRCS., is reappointed Hon. Lady Doctor in-charge Ante-Natal Clinic, Out-patients' Dep., Bai Motlibai and Petit Hospitals, and Tutor Grant Medical College, Bombay, for a further period of five years from 25th Oct. 1947.

Dr. R. B. Karkhanis, M.S. (Bom)., to be Hon. Surgeon, Civil Hospital, Sholapur, for two years from the date he takes over charge of his duties.

Dr. (Miss) V. J. Dubash, M.B.B.S., to be Hon. Pathologist at the Cama and Albless Hospitals, Bombay, for two years from the date on which she takes over charge of her duties.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH JAPAN FOR ART SILK YARN

The Secretary Yarn Merchants' Association writes:—

Report regarding the import of 28 lacs lbs of Art Silk Yarn from Japan on Government account had appeared in some local paper some time back and as such the Yarn Mercha ts Association Ltd., had sent an express telegram to the Hon. The Commerce Member and also a deputation for the verification of the authenticity of the report.

In reply to the above, Assist Secretary to the Government of India has sent a reply on 13-11-1947, reading as under:—

"I am directed to refer to your telegram dated the 10th Oct. 1947, and to say that negotiations are still in progress for the import of Art Silk Yarn from Japan on Government account and that no quantity of Yarn has been allotted to silk and Art Silk Association for immediate and forward shipment."

CHILDREN'S FAIR

It has been decided by the Khar Balkan-ji-Bari to organise a Children's Fair, as a part of the Gijubhai Anniversary Celebrations, at the Madhu Park, Khar on Sunday, 23rd Nov. afternoon. An 'Anand Bazar', a Variety Programme of Songs and Stories, and Games for Children will be arranged on the occasion. There will also be Stalls for Children's books, magazines, toys, and other useful things. Those interested may kindly see personally or communicate immediately with Mr. Prabhubhai Upadhya, President, Khar Balkan-ji-Bari, Adarsh Bal Mandir, Linking Road, Khar.

STALEMATE ON PALESTINE PARTITION

Date Of Br. Withdrawal Forms Crucial Point

LAKE SUCCESS, New York Nov. 16 (Reuter): The United Nations Working Group drafting the Plan for implementing Palestine Partition last night reached a stalemate on the date of the British withdrawal and on the relations between the proposed United Nations Commission and the Security Council.

M. Semyontsarapkin, the Soviet Delegate, maintained the withdrawal date should be May 1, despite Britain's declaration that she was prepared to leave Palestine by August 1.

The remaining three members of the Working Group Canada, Gautemala and the United States—were willing to alter the date to suit British intentions but Soviet Russia was unable to agree and was referring the matter to Moscow.

R. T. C. Debate Will Lead To Reconciliation

U. S. Delegate On Indo-South African Dispute

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 15 (Reuter): The United States Delegate, Mr. Charles Fahy, said: "should discussions begin, we believe they will lead to reconciliation and a repairing of relations between South Africa and India. Seeds of the solution of this problem have been planted during this debate and we must nurture those seeds and leave alone the weeds of vituperation and invective".

Harmonizing action, which was needed, should be aimed at bringing about discussions. The General Assembly's resolution last year had not improved the situation, Mr. Fahy said, and the United States did not believe it necessary to repeat that resolution.

Any resolution to be effective should be directed at improving relations and alleviating the cause of friction.

Last year the United States had suggested reference of the legal aspects of the problem to the International Court, "but we now feel Court Reference is not the only method. Even if it is a good one, we are not wedded to the approach", Mr. Fahy said.

Jose Sosa (Panama) said Panama would like Mexico to support the Indian resolution provided the "condemnatory" clause was deleted.

(This clause asks the General Assembly to express regret at the Union's failure to implement last year's resolution).

SOUTH AFRICA & CHRISTIAN CIVILIZATION

Sir Zafrullah Khan said South Africa as evidenced by its standpoint in the Political Committee last year and now had not indicated very great desires to promote Christian standards and Christian rules of conduct. I mentioned that because the South African Government stated last year that it desired to preserve Christian Civilisation in the Union.

"I don't know the Bible very well, but I have been told that the Boers of South Africa are deeply attached to the Bible" he said.

"Is the treatment of Indians in the Union in accordance with the teachings of a Christian Civilisation?"

He asked the Committee to make one more appeal to South Africa to get the matter settled by negotiations.

SMUTS SHOULD RISE TO GREAT HEIGHTS

"We recognise and have no desire to minimise the difficulties of the South African Government.

We sympathise with the Government in its great difficulties but we cannot help feeling that just because of these difficulties and the magnitude of humanitarian problems that the Government and people of Africa have a glorious opportunity ahead of them for setting a high example of policies and methods to settle these prob'ems"

He said he could not help feeling that in General Smuts, South Africa had the good fortune to possess a statesman to whom it might be given the honour of rising to great heights to be able to deal with these problems in their proper prospecelvt in their proper perspective.

One regrets his absence here despite the presence of Mr. Harry Lawrence who is so ably handling the matter now. He has to speak strictly to his brief".

Muslim Evacuees Return To Jubbulpore

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 13.

About 400 Muslim employees of the G.I.P. Railway who had been working in the Jubbulpore section and had opted for Pakistan have left Jubbulpore on Wednesday for Bombay "en route" to Karachi. They have taken along with them about 1,600 relatives.

A special train carrying Muslim military personnel bound for Pakistan, comprising officers and men and the clerical staff of the I.A.O.C. and I.S.C. has left Jubbulpore for Delhi on the same day "en route" to West Punjab. They were searched before the train left Jubbulpore.

A number of Muslims who had voluntarily left Jubbulpore either for Bhopal, Hyderabad or Karachi have started to come back and settle down here after seeing the true picture of their 'promised land'.

ISPAHANI ADDRESSES U. N. POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

LAKE SUCCESS, New York, Nov. 14. (Reuter): Mr M. A. H. Ispahani (Pakistan) addressed the Political Committee of the United Nations General Assembly on the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

PORTRAITS OF SUBHAS & SARDAR

London Move To Seek Delhi Directive For Unveiling At India House

LONDON, November 15 (Reuter): It was learned today that sections of the Indian community in London, particularly those representing Bombay and Bengal, have decided to approach the Government of India seeking a direction for the unveiling at India House of portraits of the late Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, prominent Congress Leader and Deputy Premier of India.

They will suggest that the Indian High Commissioner in London Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon perform the unveiling ceremony on the occasion of the birthdays of "these two great fighters for Indian Freedom."

The Indian Students' Union and the Indian Young Men's Christian Association in London last night celebrated Pandit Nehru's birthday at the Indian Students Hostel, Bloomsbury, and expressed their full support for the Premier's "bold actions" in Kashmir, Junagadh and Tripura.

200 Newsmen To Cover Elizabeth's Wedding

LONDON, (I.P.S.): About 200 newspaper correspondents representing the world press will be covering the Royal wedding at Westminster Abbey on November 20. The allotment of seats are being made by the Buckingham Palace authorities. The Home press has asked 60 seats, the Empire Press through Overseas Correspondents' Association asked 38 seats broken as Canada 10, Australia 9, New Zealand 5, India and Pakistan 5, West Indies 3, Malta 1. The Association of American Correspondents in London has asked 57 press seats, accommodation for 18 radio commentators, 11 photographers.

LAW & ORDER RESTORED IN EAST PUNJAB

SIMLA, Nov. 15 (U.P.I.): "We have restored law and order in the East Punjab and have turned the corner in the beginning of October. Subsequent events convinced us that we have really restored confidence in the rule of law in once terribly disturbed areas of our new Province."

Thus observed Mr. Chandulal Trivedi, Governor of the East Punjab, speaking at his first Press conference at the Government House since assumption of his office.

Restoring law and order means several things, Mr. Chandulal continued; the railway station houses and course were now functioning almost in a normal manner in all the districts. There had been looting on an extensive scale and property worth half crore of rupees was already recovered. The drive for capture of unlicensed arms was vigorously pursued and considerable progress made in this regard. The Government asked the people to return arms and in return the Government had promised to give them license, the intention being to regularise the possession of arms.

Referring to the refugee evacuation, the Governor said that over seven lakhs of Hindus and Sikhs had yet to be evacuated either by trucks or trains and foot convoys had all been abandoned. He also said that in another two days time all Muslims from the Jullundur division would be evacuated and none would be left there at all while in the Ambala division, evacuation of the Muslims was expected to be completed by the middle of December.

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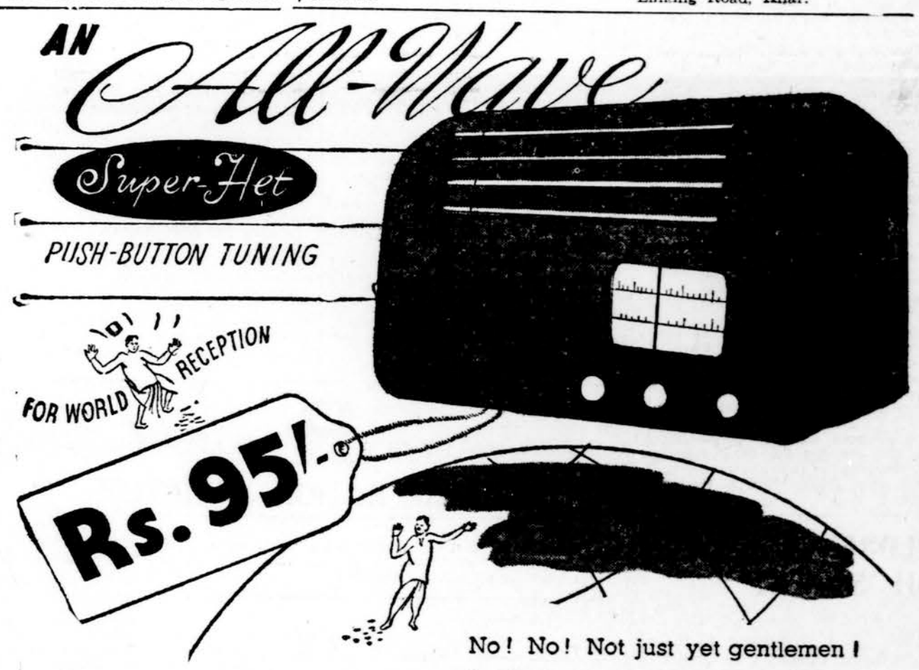

No! No! Not just yet gentlemen! In fact we haven't started manufacturing radio sets as yet although we will soon be doing it.

Push-button tuning—it sounds absurd no doubt and still more so perhaps for such a set to be priced at Rs. 95/-. But that is precisely what we intend to do—that is, we will manufacture the finest radio-sets and sell them at prices low enough even for the average middle class family and yet keep enough margin of profit.

Evidently such a scheme should provide for the most efficient business and technical organisation. And for this we need the co-operation of all those who are technically efficient or are otherwise interested in the improvement of Radio business.

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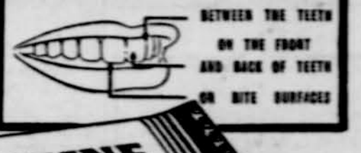
Everybody admires a bright, friendly smile. You owe it to yourself to make sure that yours is always at its best . . . so start using Listerine Tooth Paste today. You'll find the cool, refreshing flavour of Listerine Tooth Paste delightful!

Listerine Tooth Paste specially created to get after many of the PIN-POINT cracks in enamel

75% of ugly DECAY starts there say some authorities



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BRINGING RELIEF TO AGRICULTURISTS

Nanavati Committee Recommends Plan Of Rural Credit

The Government of India had appointed a sub-committee under the chairmanship of Prof. D. R. Gadgil, Director of Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics, Poona, to report on the ways in which Rural indebtedness could be reduced and both short-term and long-term finance provided, under efficient control, for agriculture and animal husbandry operations.

CO-OPERATIVE BANKS' APPROACH

The Gadgil Committee suggested the establishment of an autonomous public corporation established by the State but operating on an independent basis. The Co-operative Department of the Bombay Government referred this suggestion to the Bombay Co-operative Banks' Association. On the Association expressing the view that the co-operative banks of the Province would be able to meet the requirements of creditworthy agricultural borrowers, the Government appointed a committee, under the chairmanship of Sir Manilal B Nanavati, of several non-officials and officials including the Registrar of Co-operative Societies and Director of Agricultural Marketing and Rural Finance in Bombay Province to investigate all possibilities and recommend organization and machinery for providing agricultural credit on the lines envisaged by the Gadgil Committee.

NANAVATI REPORT

The Nanavati Committee, whose report has recently been published, has surveyed the present position of the co-operative credit movement and examined whether that movement would be able to carry out the functions of the agricultural credit corporation.

CORPORATION UNNECESSARY

After reviewing the working of the Co-operative Movement in the Province, the Nanavati Committee has come to the conclusion that there is no need for the setting up of an agricultural credit corporation and that, if the Co-operative Movement were suitably reorganized, it could fulfil the functions of providing finance to a fairly large number of creditworthy cultivators at reasonably low rates of interest.

The Nanavati Committee, has, suggested the alternative of making full use of the existing co-operative organizations. Their structure should be so developed and consolidated as to enable them to absorb most of the creditworthy agriculturists. The co-operative character of the organizations has to be retained. It should be possible for the existing primary societies to serve the needs of agricultural credit through absorbing as many members as possible consistently, of course, with safety and provide them with loans at the rate of 6-1/4 p.c. interest as recommended by the Gadgil Committee.

CREDIT ASSOCIATIONS

The Nanavati Committee has stated that the co-operative societies have been mainly concerned with credit, although non-credit activities are being slowly undertaken. These should be increased by credit societies turning themselves into multi-purpose ones and building up their non-credit activities and at the same time avoiding trading risks.

The primary credit co-operative societies are not in a position to meet the requirements of bigger agriculturists. So, the formation of credit associations on a limited liability basis for a taluka or group of villages has been suggested.

RURAL CREDIT NET WORK

The Committee has, suggested that since the central banks are service institutions and their main function is to foster the growth and development of the primary societies, these tendencies should be checked. The Committee wants the central banks to restrict their transactions with individual borrowers within suitable limits. Similarly, they should be in a position to reduce their lending rates to 4 p.c. of interests. Any central bank which cannot do this cannot be considered as efficient and its working should be examined by the Provincial Bank or the Co-operative Department.

The Committee has recommended that the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank should be reorganized and its directorate made fully representative of all elements in the Movement.

INTEREST ON RURAL CREDIT

The Nanavati Committee has examined in detail the incidence of high rate of interest prevailing in the Co-operative Movement and has made detailed suggestions with a view to bringing down the prevailing high rates of interest to 6-1/4 p. c. to the ultimate borrower as recommended by the Gadgil Committee.

The Nanavati Committee, after examination of the Gadgil Committee's recommendation of the agricultural credit corporation disbursing both short-term and long-term credit has found the recommendation unsuitable under local conditions. It has, therefore recommended that the Provincial Land Mortgage Bank should not be merged with the Provincial Co-operative Bank.

The Committee has, however, found that the Gadgil Committee's recommendation regarding the rate of interest cannot be implemented without the support of Government subsidies and, therefore, it has left it to the Government to consider whether or not a higher rate i. e. up to 5 or 5-1/2 p.c. should be charged except for loans for special purposes.

The same consideration should logically apply to short-term credit transaction also. But the Nanavati Committee has accepted the Gadgil Committee's recommendation as it is considered feasible proposition as an ultimate objective of State assistance proposed by the latter Committee. The Committee has however, realised that initially, a higher rate will have to be charged. In some areas, such a rate of interest may not be practicable and in that case the lowest rate practicable should be charged and it should be gradually reduced to 6-1/4 p.c.

GRAIN-CUM-COMMODITY DEPOT MODEL

The Nanavati Committee has stated that co-operative societies are very suitable for developed areas. But the problem in the backward areas should be approached differently with formation of grain-cum-commodity depots as at present run by the Revenue Department. Agricultural banks can grant loans to individuals, societies and co-operative societies. The agricultural banks should be formed in these areas to deal directly with individual khatedars as well as with co-operative societies that might be formed later.

The Nanavati Committee has suggested that, outside the grain depots, the work of developing the agricultural banks should be entrusted to the Provincial Co-operative Bank with the State providing it with the necessary capital and working expenses.

The Nanavati Committee has also suggested that the Government should build up a rural credit stabilization fund by annually contributing, for five years, one per cent of the total outstandings of co-operative societies with a view to meeting losses that might be sustained by co-operative societies owing to unforseen calamities. The suggestion has also been made of formation of a small rural credit board to watch the working of legislation like the Bombay Agricultural Debtors' Relief Act and the Moneylenders' Act as well as the heavy commitments of the Government in rural finance.

Finally, the Nanavati Committee, in making its recommendations of assistance to the Co-operative Movement, has stressed that such Government assistance should not stultify self-help and discourage mutual help. Although, mainly the Co-operative Movement is State-sponsored, persistent efforts should be made to generate the spirit of real co-operation.

TERMINATION OF PALESTINE MANDATE

Move For Extension Of Proposed Date

FLUSHING MEADOWS (New York), November 15. (Reuter): With the British withdrawal from Palestine set for August 1, 1948, the working group of the United Nations' Palestine Sub-Committee decided to discuss today the advisability of extending from May 1 to August 1 the United Nations' proposed date for termination of the Mandate.

In the late session last night, the United States found itself opposed by all members of the Sub-Committee on the question of the division of revenues between the proposed Arab and Jewish States.

Earlier yesterday, the United States and Russia agreed that the proposed United Nations' Palestine Commission should take over from Britain as a subordinate of the Security Council, but should act within the framework of the General Assembly's recommendations.

The United States made it clear that she wished the commission to have some freedom of operation, and not be compelled to consult the Security Council for each decision.

The future status of the city of Jerusalem remained undecided, and the Czechoslovak delegate was asked to draft a proposal over the week-end.

No Free Hand In Taking Major Decisions

Iftikharuddin Explains Cause Of Resignation In Letter To W. Punjab Premier

LAHORE, Nov. 15. (A.P.I.): Mian Iftikharuddin, Pakistan's Minister for Refugees and Rehabilitation, today released to the Press his letters of resignation from the West Punjab Cabinet.

Nov. 14, 1947, the following is the text of the letters:—

"I have already discussed the question of my resignation from your Cabinet with you and my other colleagues. In continuation of that discussion, I am now sending you my formal resignation.

There is no need for me to go into the details of the reasons that have compelled me to take this step. As you well-know, I accepted the invitation to join your ministry for a specific purpose—namely, to help in the work of evacuating refugees from East Punjab and of rehabilitating them here. My qualification, if any, was that as a political worker I could put in some enthusiasm, possibly bring new ideas and introduce certain policies which might enable us to steer through the present unprecedented difficulties more successfully. This you will admit requires a free hand in taking major decisions.

RADICAL CHANGES IN ECONOMIC SYSTEM

I feel that the crisis through which we are passing requires most radical changes in our economic system, administration and in our relationship with our neighbours, for sponsoring which the liberty of initiative is necessary. In fairness, therefore to the important task that was assigned to me, it is proper that I should resign. In so doing I have no fear that the administration of my department will suffer, for it has been entrusted to more experienced hands.

So far we have paid little attention to the work outside the ministerial sphere, to which we should attach the greatest importance. Here is a great deal for me and many others to do on this front of our national life today. I assure you that as soon as circumstances permit, I will devote all my energies to that task and will do my best to create the right political atmosphere so necessary to face the present crisis.

ORDINARY POLITICAL WORKER.

I am, however, now fully convinced that I can be more useful as an ordinary political worker for creating the right political atmosphere for the acceptance and implementation of the suggestions which I have put forward for the solution of refugee problem than as Minister.

Mamdot's Reply To Iftikharuddin

LAHORE, Nov. 15. (A.P.I.): Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, Premier of the West Punjab to-day asked Mian Iftikharuddin, who had tendered his resignation as Minister for Refugees and Rehabilitation in his Cabinet to "reconsider his resignation and agree to continue in the Cabinet till an agreed scheme for the rehabilitation of refugees is adopted and forthwith implemented."

Replying to Mian Iftikharuddin's letters of resignation the Premier, however, added: "should you however decide otherwise I will be left with no option but to accept your resignation."

The letter is dated Nov. 15, and was released to the Press late to-night.

"I regard it very unfortunate that you should have thought fit, at the present juncture, to repeat your resignation from my Cabinet.

NO FREE HAND IN MATTERS OF POLICY.

Your first letter of resignation is dated 2nd Nov. In that letter, the main reasons given for your resignation are that 'one required a free hand in taking major decisions" and that one should have "full control over one's, department. In the new set-up that is denied". I have given most careful consideration to these points and have been anxious to eliminate any reasonable grievance or difficulty experienced by you. I feel, however, and you will agree, that the basis of our democracy is joint Ministerial responsibility and no Minister can claim a free hand in matters of policy, particularly on vital issues such as the refugee problem which has repercussions on more than one department. All of us have therefore, to take counsel together on these important matters and must keep in view the wishes of the Legislature and the best interests of the Province.

Your letter of Nov. 14, therefore, is as unexpected as it is inexplicable. The only additional argument given in your letter of Nov. 14 is that you consider the immediate adoption of your suggestions for the refugee problems as "the only way to save our people" and that you feel that you can be more useful outside the Cabinet by creating the right political atmosphere for the acceptance of your suggestions.

You know the vital importance which we all attach to the solution of the refugee problems. For this work, we have never stood, and cannot afford to stand, on technical constitutional or conventional forms, and have welcomed advice, assistance and guidance from all friendly quarters, Central, Provincial as well as individual in dealing with the unprecedented human problem with which we are faced.

That being so, it is most unfortunate that you should have thought fit to resign two days after sending us your scheme for dealing with the refugee problems. You have been in charge of your Portfolio for about two months. Your scheme was given priority and included in the agenda of the meeting convened to-day. It is most regrettable that you should have denied us your Co-operation as a Colleague in the immediate examination and implementation of the scheme. Nor is there any bar to your pushing forward the scheme in public, as adopted even by continuing in the Cabinet.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

COTTON: Opened steady, one lower to six higher, and caution characterised to-day's dealings with a general disposition to await President Truman's message on Monday November 17th, meanwhile trading was confined to minor alternating spells of profit-taking and support from the trade with prices fluctuating over a narrow range. The appearance of profit-taking operations in final dealings which disclosed limited hedge offerings brought a moderate rally while reports that rains over the cotton belt were causing a slowing down of crop movement possible served further to restrain sellers. The market closed steady, 9 higher to 7 lower, sales are estimated at 75,000 bales.

STOCKS: The market maintained equilibrium in slow trading which comprised mostly eveningup operations with the majority of operators exercising caution in view of the uncertainties surrounding the forthcoming special session of Congress. Price changes either way were mostly fractional. Limited support was noted for leading steels, motors, wet stocks, industrial equipments, oils and minings. Rails lagged with the realisation that, although higher wages were already granted to two operating unions retroactive from November first and other three unions would probably get the same settlement, the interstate commerce commission decision on the rails plea for a freight rate increase was not likely to be handed down before February first. Final trading brought little change in the earlier price pattern with the composite average rate finishing slightly higher. The session closed irregular.

CHICAGO GRAIN: Maize and oats advanced sharply reflecting reports that heavy wet snows had fallen in portions of Iowa which may retard movement of farms and increase feeding operations. Despite the drought breaking rains in the south-west, wheat dispiayed a steady undertone attributed largely to commercial buying presumably against additional sales of flour and cash wheat to Government agencies. According to private advices, the moisture received in the western section of the south-west wheat belt should be sufficient to give the plant a start as well as permit extended seeding operations of the intended acreage.

NEW YORK COTTON.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

December	33.43
January	nominal 33.24
March	33.26
May	33.48
July	32.56
October	30.15
December	mutilated
March	bid 29.40
Middling Spot	34.03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

December	33.36
March	33.63
May	33.45
July	32.53
October	bid 30.17
Middling Spot	33.00

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

American Telephone and Telegraph	153
Amerex Holding Co.,	30 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	35 1/8
Chase National Bank	34 1/2
Sinclair Oil	15 1/2
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	50
General Electric Co.,	35 1/4
General Motors	58 1/2
Ingersol rand	bid 127 3/4
International Nickel	28 3/8
National City Bank of New York	39 1/2
New York Central Rail Road Co.,	13 1/2
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16 7/8
Texas Corporation	57 3/4
Union Carbon & Carbide	104 3/8
U. S. Smelting refining mining	45 3/8
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	74
Western Union Telegraph	22 1/4
T. T. London on Philippines	8.07 to 8.12

R·I·N

VACANCIES FOR OFFICERS IN THE ENGINEERING BRANCH.

To be eligible for consideration, candidates should possess any of the qualifications mentioned below:

(a) First or Second class certificate of competency awarded by the Board of Trade.

(b) A degree in Mechanical or Marine Engineering.

(c) Previous service in the Engineering Branch of the R.I.N. or its Reserves.

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(e) A certificate awarded after completion of five years apprenticeship in a Marine Engineering works, which should include both theoretical and practical training.

Applicants should be domiciled in India and should, preferably, be under 28 years of age on the 1st January, 1948.

Applications giving full details of age, qualifications, and experience should be addressed to the Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Navy with copies of certificates and diplomas held. Particulars regarding interview, pay, terms and conditions of service etc. will be forwarded on receipt of application, if qualifications are considered suitable.

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Kolynos is perfect for children. At a touch of the toothbrush the fresh, cleansing foam frisks right round their teeth. It's such fun to do it; such a fresh, healthy mouth when it's done. Kolynos foam vanishes with the tooth-glass water. Leaves no gritty, greasy traces.

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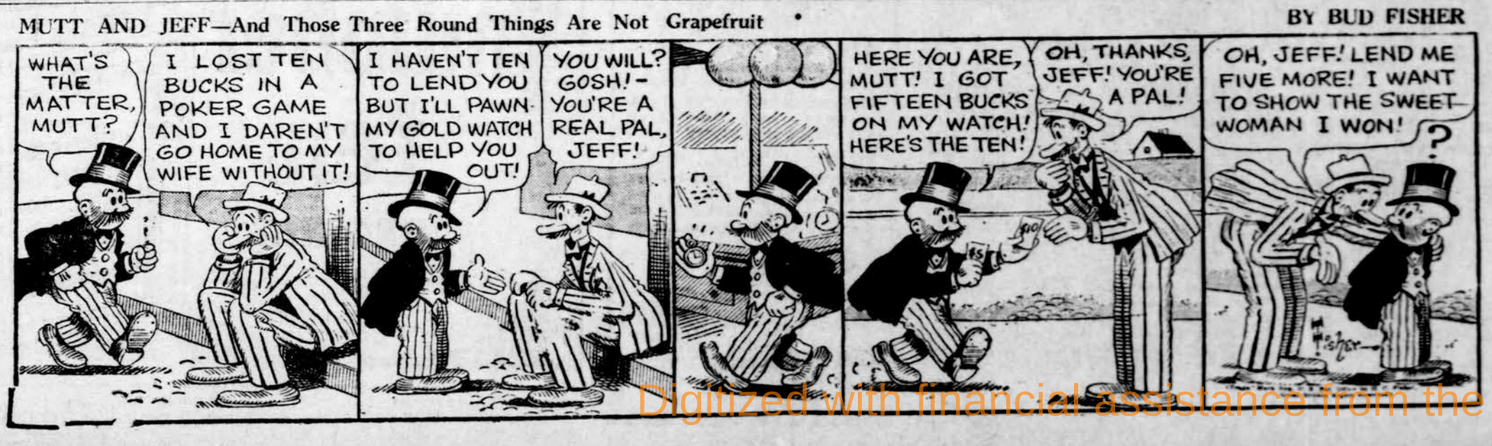
MUTT AND JEFF—And Those Three Round Things Are Not Grapefruit

BY BUD FISHER


WHAT'S THE MATTER, MUTT?
I LOST TEN BUCKS IN A POKER GAME AND I DAREN'T GO HOME TO MY WIFE WITHOUT IT!
I HAVEN'T TEN TO LEND YOU BUT I'LL PAWN MY GOLD WATCH TO HELP YOU OUT!
YOU WILL? GOSH! - YOU'RE A REAL PAL, JEFF!
HERE YOU ARE, MUTT! I GOT FIFTEEN BUCKS ON MY WATCH! HERE'S THE TEN!
OH, THANKS, JEFF! YOU'RE A PAL!
OH, JEFF! LEND ME FIVE MORE! I WANT TO SHOW THE SWEET WOMAN I WON!
?

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Wanted: An experienced and capable Manager for a Textile Mills in Rajputana. Practical and technical knowledge of all departments of Textile Mill essential. Decent salary for a really deserving candidate. Aply to Box No. 6030. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Assistants for Carding, Spinning and Weaving departments of textile factories. Must hold City and Guilds or other recognized technological certificates. Must speak Tamil and English and have had at least two years Mill experience. Apply giving full particulars, including age, with copies of certificates to Box No. 6081, "Bombay Chronicle".

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ECE pumping sets fitted with 1 H.P. A.C 230 v. single phase or 400 v. 3 phase. 50 cycles or D.C. 230 v. Motors. Size 1 1/4" x 1 1/4" Available ex stock Apply Electric Construction and Equipment Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No 7875. Calcutta. (6062)

ECE pumping sets fitted with ½ H.P. Universal AC/DC or 3/4 H.P. D.C. 230 v. Motors. Size 1" x 1". Available ex stock Apply Electric Construction & Equipment Co. Ltd., P. O. Box No. 7875, Calcutta. (6062A)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS

MEMBERS of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the Current Criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court on the 2nd floor, Room No. 46, on MONDAY, the 17th November, 1947, at 10-45 a.m. (S.T.).

(Mrs.) MITHAN J. LAM,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 15th November, 1947.
6079

NOTICE TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS on item rate basis are invited on or before 3-0 p.m. on SATURDAY, 22nd inst. for addition of a floor on front wing of Mehta Mansion, Lalbaug. Form of tenders, specifications and conditions of contract can be had on payment of Rs. 5/- from the Office of the undersigned.

The owners or the architects do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender.

V. M. MODI & CO.
Architects, Engineers
& Surveyors,
Jan Mansion,
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Road, Bombay.
7459

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

Mr. VARAJLAL MAGANLAL PANDYA, who was our Working Partner is no longer in our Service and is not empowered to represent us in any way whatsoever with effect from end of Aso Vad 30 Date 12-11-47.

THACKER VITHALDAS
PURSHOTAM
Commission Agent.
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7457

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BOMBAY.
6078

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PUBLIC AUCTION.

Re: Insolvency 111 of 1947

Tribhuvandas Anandji

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Hosiery Goods, pledged by the above insolvent will be sold by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 20th November, 1947 at 3 p.m (S.T.) at the Bank's Office at 8, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. Full particulars can be had from the Bank's office.

D. R. KOTNIS.
Manager.
6077

NOTICE

THE TATA IRON & STEEL CO., LTD JAMSHEDPUR, invite applications for the post of mechanical foreman for their Agrico-Department. Salary Rs. 200/- per month in the scale of Rs. 200-15-275/- plus performance bonus, amounting to 40 per cent of pay for average production. The selected candidate will be eligible for dearness allowance, profit-sharing bonus and other service privileges. DUTIES: To supervise machining of spare parts and to develop dies required for the manufacture of edge tools; to maintain and repair forging presses, grinding machines, polishing machines, machine tools and other forge shop equipment. QUALIFICATIONS:

(i) A degree in mechanical engineering.
(ii) Experience of development and manufacture of dies, preferably for edge tools, such as picks, hammers, shovels etc.
(iii) At least 10 years' experience in maintenance of forge shop equipment and power presses,
(iv) Experience of heat treatment of dies.

Applications stating age, qualifications and experience should reach the Superintendent, Labour Bureau, Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur, not later than 6th December, 1947.

6080

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT,
Bombay Castle, 11th Nov. 1947.
ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ACT 1946.

ORDER.

No. 44 (2)-2/IV—In exercise of the powers of the Central Government under clause (d) of subsection (2) of section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act 1946 (Act XXIV of 1946), entrusted to the Provincial Governments by the Government of India, Department of Food, Notification No. PY-603 (2)-I, dated the 21st October 1946, the Government of Bombay is pleased, after obtaining the concurrence of the Central Government, to direct that no person shall remove onions, exceeding 10 lbs. in quantity, by rail, road or road from any place within the Niphad, Nasik, Dindori and Sinnar Talukas of the Nasik District to any place outside the limits of the said Talukas except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted by the District Magistrate, Nasik.

By order of the
Governor of Bombay.
A. L. DIAS.
Joint Secretary to Government.
6071

PUBLIC NOTICES

CIVIL SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT,
Bombay Castle, 11th Nov. 1947.
ESSENTIAL SUPPLIES (TEMPORARY POWERS) ACT 1946.

ORDER.

No. 44 (2)-1/IV.—In exercise of the powers of the Central Government under clause (d) of subsection (2) of section 3 of the Essential Supplies (Temporary Powers) Act 1946 (Act XXIV of 1946), entrusted to the Provincial Governments by the Government of India, Department of Food, Notification No. PY-603 (2)-I, dated the 21st October 1946, the Government of Bombay is pleased, after obtaining the concurrence of the Central Government, to direct that no person shall remove onions, exceeding 10 lbs. in quantity, by rail, road or sea from any place within the limits of the Province of Bombay to any place in India outside the said limits except under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, or the District Magistrate concerned.

By order of the
Governor of Bombay.
A. L. DIAS,
Joint Secretary to Government.
6070

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited, from natives of the Province of Bombay BEFORE 15-12-1947 for nine posts of BACKWARD CLASS WELFARE OFFICERS. (For seven of these posts BACKWARD CLASS CANDIDATES will be preferred). PAY:—Rs. 200-260 PLUS interim relief and cost of living allowance and permanent travelling allowance. QUALIFICATIONS: (a) For Backward Class candidates:—A degree of a recognised university; (b) For others:—A degree of a recognised university in Social Sciences including Anthropology. Experience of administration or social service or Diploma of Tata School of Social Sciences will be considered additional qualification. In both cases candidates should have a thorough knowledge of one of the regional languages of the Province. AGE: Ordinarily not less than 23 years and not more than 35 years (38 years for backward class candidates) on 1-3-1948, relaxable upto 45 years. Application form supplied on receipt of large addressed envelope with 3½ annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission", Bombay, who will supply full details on request. CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE CONCERNED.

6069

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Annual Contract item costing over Rs. 10,000/- Class I Contract

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta before 12 noon on the 2nd December, 1947.

Tender No. SP|Gb 2594 EST 127 A for the supply of wick holders with sockets "Barton" type 3/8" with 8" long wick.

Tender forms can be had from the Office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order. Once these documents are issued no refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the tender box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.
6067

G. I. P. & B. B. & C. I. RAILWAYS
REMOVAL OF GOODS FROM WADI BANDER AND CARNAC BRIDGE GOODS SHEDS
A REQUEST TO THE PUBLIC

MERCHANTS and TRADERS are requested to arrange quick clearance of goods from Wadi Bander and Carnac Bridge Goods Sheds. If removals are slow, wagons cannot be released quickly for urgent outward traffic. The quick release of wagons is of paramount national importance, and the active co-operation of merchants in this matter is essential in the national interests.

(5993)

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Conference Hall, Electric House, Post Fort, Bombay 1, on MONDAY, the 15th December, 1947, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) for the purpose of passing a Special Resolution and an Extraordinary Resolution as mentioned in the Notice dated the 5th November, 1947, issued to the shareholders.

By Order of the Board
H. C. ITALIA
Secretary
Dated, 15th November, 1947.
6066

PUBLIC NOTICES

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites tenders for the supply of Minerals such as Chalk white, Sand Moulding, Whiting best for making putty, Plaster of Paris and Lime Stone, required for the period 1-2-1948 to 31-1-1949. Tender Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 8-12-1947 at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

6063

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Rly., Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 1-12-'47 for, "Providing accommodation for the yard section of the District Controller of Stores, Lower Parel". The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. Drgs for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3/- being made. These sums will not be refunded.

6072

TENDER NOTICE

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G.I.P. Rly., Parel, invites tenders upto 3 p.m. on 1-12-'47 for, "Whitewashing of Railway Buildings on Byculla Sub-Division (V.T. to Dombivli inclusive and Harbour Branch)". The form of tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. This sum will not be refunded.

6073

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER, Grainshops, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 25-11-'47 for the supply of (1) Agmark Ghee, (2) Potatoes and Onions for Grainshops on the Bhusaval Division; (1) Groundnut oil, (2) Pure Ghee for Grainshops on the Poona Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office.

6055

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 25-11-1947 for the supply of Milk at the Railway's Grainshop at Manmad. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above Office.

6056

LEGAL NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MANEKJI HORMUSJI GUZDAR, of Bombay Parsi inhabitant has contracted with our client for the sale to her free from encumbrances the undermentioned plots.

All persons having any claim of whatsoever nature in or to the said plots are requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, if any, and the same will be treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

Vacant land at Santa Cruz, being plots Nos. 12, 13, 14 and 15 out of the original plot No. 3 Santa Cruz Town Planning scheme No. 2, admeasuring respectively 970, 770, 770 and 994 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North by Khoti land, on or towards the South by Dattatraya Road, on or towards the East by plots Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 out of the said original plot No. 3 and on or towards the West by Linking Road.

Dated this 17th day of Nov. 1947.
KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
6074

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED UNBOOKED PARCELS, VALUABLES, OLD BOOKS, CLOTHING, ETC.

Under instruction from the B.B. and C.I. Railway in accordance with Section 56 of the Indian Railway Act No. IX of 1890, MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction, the abovementioned articles at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) on MONDAY, the 1st December, 1947, at the Railway's Bombay Central Parcel Office (near Grant Road Station).

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS.

M/s. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from G.I.P. Rly. and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890 sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY 2-12-1947 at 12 Noon (S.T.) at Wadi Bunder, Unclaimed Goods office, the unclaimed goods including:—

Sweeping Sugar, Bags of G. N. Seeds, Cotton Seed, Castor Seed, Hirda, Cotton, Bidi Leaves, Brooms, Slates, Gunnies Bangles, Catachue, Tea, Shoe Chapals, Cycle Parts, Elec. Goods, Toilet Medicines, Tins of Ghee, Oil, Grease, Rose Water, E. I.Casks, E. I. Barrels C. P Goods, Locks etc.

Terms: 50 p.c. cash deposit. Balance and delivery on or before 11-12-47.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS DUBASH TERRACE AND DUBASH THEATRE ALSO KNOWN AS KRISHNA CINEMA THEATRE AT TRIBHOVAN ROAD, NEAR GIRGAUM POLICE COURT.

Under the instructions from the Owners, M/s. BENNETT & CO., will on MONDAY, 15th December, 1947 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

Quit and Ground rent land with dwelling house known as Dubash Terrace and Cinema Theatre known as Dubash Theatre or Krishna Cinema situate at Tribhovan Road and Padamsey Road next to Girgaum Police Court, admeasuring about 1708 sq yards, bearing Street Nos. 3 and 5 to 7.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to M/s. Smetham, Byrne and Lambert, Solicitors at Jehangir Wadia Building, 51 Esplanade Road, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

BAD GOVERNMENT

cannot provide proper food, education and health to the nation, so also weak functioning of the organs of the body. Vinkola, just like a revolution, brings new energy and vitality.

WARNING!!

Don't gamble in mushroom shares. Buy Dividend paying shares and 5 Year Cash Savings Certificates yielding 7-1/2 p.c. interest, Particulars free from Jai Hind Investment Trust Ltd., Behind Reserve Bank, Delhi.

GOOD news
FOR TEA SHOPS

LIPTON'S announce a new Dust blend, the best ever offered the Public. It is HIMALAYAN BRAND GOLDEN DUST, combining richness of flavour with unequalled strength. On sale now at the best shops and served by all the finest hotels and restaurants

ask your teashop for
LIPTONS
HIMALAYAN BRAND
GOLDEN DUST TEA
and see that you get it

LTK122

BAD BREATH —ME?

76% of all adults have bad breath!

Scientific tests *prove beyond doubt* that, in 7 cases out of 10 **COLGATE TOOTH POWDER** quickly stops oral bad breath!

SAVE MONEY! Compared to other leading brands, a large tin of Colgate gives you up to *30 more brushings*, a giant tin up to *46 more brushings*... for not a penny more!

SMOKERS! Colgate Tooth Powder is one of the easiest ways to guard against tobacco stain and tobacco breath! Get Colgate today.

COLGATE
TOOTH POWDER
Get Colgate today!

CLEANS BREATH AS IT CLEANS TEETH

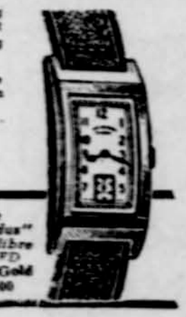
Top: The Dome of St. Paul's Cathedral, London. Lower picture gives an artist's impression of King George's Medical College at Lucknow.

(by your 'West End' Watch!)

While London Sleeps, Lucknow awakes! Different Countries the World over have different times, but there's one thing that never varies—the reliability of the 'West End' Watch. You'll find good looks and long wear, too, in any 'West End' model.

Most orders can be met from stock, but we are still having considerable difficulties in obtaining supplies.

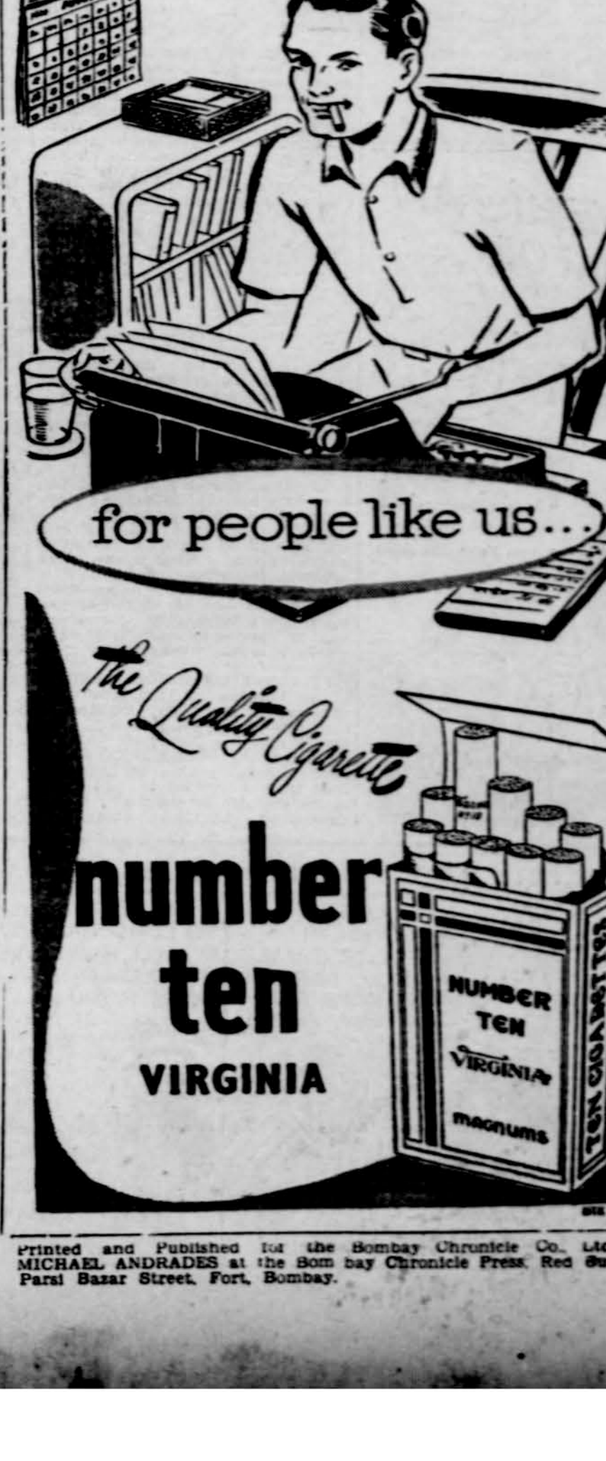
Catalogue Free on request.



West End WATCH CO.
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA

The "Secundus" New Calibre CURVED Rolled Gold Rs. 100

for coughs and colds
OWBRIDGE'S
LUNG TONIC
THE SAFE REMEDY FOR 73 YEARS
SOLD THROUGHOUT THE WORLD



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